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In U.S.

King well after surgery

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 (SPA) — King Khalid underwent surgery Tuesday at the Cleveland clinic where he had been having heart examinations since Sept. 27, and the operation was completely successful, it was officially announced here Tuesday.

A statement by the Royal Court said that Tuesday morning the King underwent coronary bypass surgery and, praise be to God, the operation was a complete success.

The statement wished the King a speedy recovery and the best of health, by the grace of God.



King Khalid

Power, water shortage

Fighting intensifies in Beirut

BEIRUT, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Syrian troops and rightist militia forces were locked Tuesday in a major battle throughout East Beirut and towns and villages in the surrounding hills.

Heavy explosions rocked the east side of the city as both sides used artillery over a wide area.

At one point an enormous explosion sent a huge mushroom cloud of dense black smoke more than 1,000 feet into the air, obscuring the battle zones. The right-wing Phalangist radio said a big oil depot which supplies the city had taken several direct hits.

The radio also said 20 shells had slammed into the coastal town of Jounieh, 20 kilometers north of Beirut. The town is a major rightists stronghold.

As the fighting intensified, right-wing leader Pierre Gemayel urged President Sarkis to appeal to the United Nations for help in ending the savage conflict.

Electricity was knocked out throughout the city and telephones were not operating. The Beirut water department said its main installation had been severely damaged by shellfire, threatening the city's water supply.

Appointed military advisers

Sadat replaces Gamassi, Fahmi

CAIRO, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — President Anwar Sadat, who named a new prime minister Monday, replaced Egypt's top two military men Tuesday — just nine days before peace treaty talks with Israel.

War Minister Abdul Ghani Gamassi, who is also commander-in-chief of the armed forces, and Gen. Muhammad Ali Fahmi, the chief of staff, will now be military advisers to the president, Cairo Radio announced.

The title of presidential adviser has in the past been effectively an honorary one. It was not clear whether the post would now carry more weight.

Western diplomats cautioned against dramatic interpretation of the new moves.

They said it was known Sadat had wanted to overhaul the top leadership and put younger men in their places. He had apparently seized the start of the peace treaty talks in Washington as the most opportune moment.

Gamassi, 57, a close confidant of Sadat, was appointed war minister and commander in chief, at the end of 1974 to replace Field Marshal Ah-

mud Ismail who died in a London hospital that year.

Regarded as a tough negotiator, Gamassi signed the two-stage "disengagement" accords with Israel.

There was strong speculation, before Tuesday's announcement, that Gamassi would be among the Egyptian delegation to the Washington peace treaty talks with Israel.

Gamassi had military training both in the Soviet Union and in the U.S.

In 1968 he became deputy director of intelligence, two years later he was named chief of the general operations command, and in 1972 became deputy chief of staff of the armed forces and head of military operations.

He became chief of staff in December 1973.

Highly placed sources said Premier-Designate Mustapha Khalil had chosen Kamaluddin Hassan Ali, director of General (civilian) Intelligence, as the new war minister. During the 1973 war against Israel he commanded an armored division in the Sinai Desert.

The Cairo Radio announcement said Gen. Fahmi will be replaced by Gen. Ahmad Bad-

awi, who led Egypt's Third Army across the Suez Canal in the 1973 war.

Western diplomats said Sadat apparently took a completely new team should run what will in effect be Egypt's first peace government in 30 years.

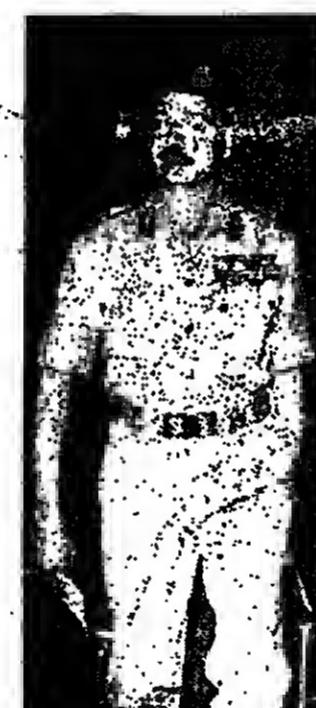
In recent speeches the Egyptian leader has said repeatedly he wanted the "generation of 1973" to lead the country.

Highly placed sources said the changes were in line with this objective.

Sadat named Khalil as premier-designate in succession to Mamoud Salem Monday. Dr. Khalil, a leading technocrat, is expected to announce his government in the next few days.

There had been persistent reports that Gamassi wanted to leave the government. The semi-official press had suggested he might be replaced in the last cabinet reshuffle in May.

Tuesday's announcement did not specifically state whether or not Gamassi had ceased to be commander in chief. But shortly afterwards, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) issued a report saying Sadat had Tuesday received



Abdul Ghani Gamassi
ed Gamassi "his military adviser."

The MENA report made no

(Continued on back page)

Opening Shortly



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Brzezinski reviews M.E. with Germans

BONN, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — President Carter's national security adviser, Zbigniew Brzezinski, discussed the Middle East and East-West relations with West German political leaders Tuesday.

Brzezinski is visiting Paris, Bonn and London to brief government leaders on last month's Camp David Middle East peace accords and Washington's efforts to implement them.

Tuesday he met West German Defense Minister Hans Apel and the minister of state in the chancellery, Hans-Juergen Wischnewski. He had an appointment later with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt.

Defense ministry officials said the two-hour talks between Brzezinski and Apel covered the current state of U.S.-Soviet negotiations on strategic arms limitation (SALT) and East-West relations.

West Germany welcomed the results of the Camp David summit. But it says any Midd-

le East peace agreement must take into account the rights of Palestinians.

Brzezinski, who arrived from Paris Tuesday, leaves for London Wednesday.

In Cairo, the newly-appointed Egyptian prime minister, Mustapha Khalil Tuesday began moves to form a cabinet dedicated to peace with Israel.

President Anwar Sadat told Parliament Monday the new government would have the task of transforming the country's economy from the war footing on which it has been for the past three decades.

Egypt has accepted President Carter's invitation to send a delegation to Washington for peace talks with Israel starting on Oct. 12, the foreign ministry announced.

Egypt's delegation would be named after the new cabinet had been formed and a foreign minister appointed, informed sources said.

Iraq's Arab summit call gaining further support

KUWAIT, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Iraq's call for a pan-Arab summit conference gained further support Tuesday as top level consultations continued around the Middle East.

The Saudi government has commended the Iraqi proposal to prevent any divisions in the Arab world and promote Arab solidarity," according to an official Saudi spokesman.

The official, commenting on Monday's visit to the Kingdom by Iraqi vice-president Saddam Hussein, said that the Saudi and Iraqi viewpoints "concurred on the need for a joint Arab effort to convene a summit conference as soon as possible."

"The aim of the proposed summit would be to study the situation in the Arab world and find effective means of helping the Arab people at this critical time to meet the challenges that face them," the spokesman added.

"Saudi-Iraqi talks concentrated on the crucial issues facing the Arabs and the Zionist challenges to their future, dignity, and sovereignty over all the occupied Arab lands, particularly Jerusalem," the spokesman added.

"The proposals submitted by the Iraqi leader formed the subject matter of discussion and consideration between the two sides," the source said.

In addition to Saudi Arabia, Jordan and five other Arab states have supported the Iraqi call for an urgent summit to discuss the Camp David framework for Middle East peace.

Arab diplomats said Tuesday that the prime objective of a summit could be to dissuade Egypt from signing a separate peace treaty with Israel provided under the Camp David accord.

Official sources in Baghdad said that the call for an Arab



ENDS VISIT: Crown Prince Fahd embraces Iraqi Vice President Saddam Hussein at the end of his visit to Saudi Arabia Tuesday.

summit had been supported so far by Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar and Oman.

Iraq, in calling for the summit, suggested a nine-billion dollar fund to win Egypt away from its commitments to the American-sponsored Camp David accords.

The source said Iraqi President Ahmad Hassan Bakr Monday received a message from Syrian President Hafez Assad reflecting "a positive stand toward Camp David" action to face Zionist challenges.

Saddam Hussein, following up the Baghdad summit call, Tuesday held talks with the ruler of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber

Official sources in Baghdad said that the call for an Arab

session and reasserted its belief in the need for a summit. Bahrain was the first to call for an Arab conference after Camp David.

Saudi Arabia and the Gulf states have objected to Egypt's single-handed attempt to solve the 30-year-old Arab-Israel dispute and its apparent willingness to sign a separate peace with Israel.

But they have also criticized the anti-Egyptian campaign of radical Arab states in the so-called "headless front" — which groups Syria, Algeria, Libya, South Yemen and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO). They fear it might antagonize Egypt and deepen the split in the Arab world.

(Continued on back page)

Kuwaiti oil minister favors 10 per cent price increase

KUWAIT, Oct. 3 (AP) — Kuwaiti Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al-Sabah said Tuesday he favored an oil price hike of around 10 per cent next year. This, he said, should be tied to a formula permitting automatic, additional increases to offset any future drop in the value of the U.S. dollar.

"Some kind of protection still would have to be required, even with a price increase," Sheikh Ali said.

He declined to predict whether an increase in the magnitude of 10 percent or more would be accepted by all 12 other members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

OPEC oil ministers are to meet in Abu Dhabi in December to decide on lifting the current freeze. Sheikh Ali is the current president of OPEC.

"I should hope we can look forward to higher prices in nominal, if not in real, terms," he said, arguing that the price of oil had declined 30 percent in real terms since 1976 while the posted price for a barrel of oil is \$12.70. Sheikh Ali contends that, in 1974 terms, the real value is less than seven dollars.

Sheikh Ali, a U.S.-educated economist and banker, said any price increase "should not be as small as five or seven per cent."

When 10 per cent was suggested, he replied, "now you are beginning to speak in reasonable terms."

Referring to previous OPEC splits over oil pricing, Sheikh Ali said that now "we at least have a better fighting chance for unity than a year ago. But we all have to be willing to compromise..."

A series of gradual price in-

creases in the coming years would be in the best interests of both oil producing and oil consuming nations so as to avoid another price explosion in the 1980s, he maintained.

Lower price, he said, only encourages consumption of a limited commodity.

"Once consumption has grown, it is not an easily reversible process," the oil minister added.

Commenting on proposed energy programs in the United

Hussein concludes tour

AMMAN, Oct. 3 (UPI) — King Hussein of Jordan returned home Tuesday night from a four-day tour which took him to Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman.

His talks with the heads of those states covered the latest Middle East developments and bilateral relations.

The official Jordan News Agency said the king had also briefed them on Jordan's position on the recent Camp David agreements and discussed ways and means of unifying Arab ranks.

States and elsewhere in the industrial world, Sheikh Ali said:

"If they are in terms of bringing internal prices up to world prices then they are welcome. If they encourage conservation, they are welcome. But if they take the form of taxes and tariffs, on imported oil, they will result in counter measures such as even further increases in the prices."

(Continued on back page)

Hassan cautions Boumedienne

Moroccans, Algerians clash

RABAT, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Moroccan troops fought a tank battle with Algerian army units that crossed the border to ambush a Moroccan supply convoy, the Moroccan government announced Monday night.

The announcement said an unspecified number of men were killed and wounded on both sides in the weekend battle. It was the second time in five weeks Morocco has reported a serious border clash, but the first time in three years of fighting in the Sahara that tanks have been reported involved.

In a message to Algerian President Houari Boumedienne, Morocco's King Hassan II warned of "the risks and dangers which could result from the outbreak of hostilities"

between the two countries and hinted at reprisals.

On Aug. 27, at least 12 Moroccan soldiers were killed or wounded in an ambush by what the Moroccans said were Algerian regular troops. Responsibility for the attack was

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Islam surest weapon against crime, Naif tells Baghdad meet

BAGHDAD, Oct. 3 (SPA) — A pure faith ensures the prevention of crime and is its best remedy, Interior Minister Prince Naif told the Arab interior mi-

Fahd receives message from Moroccan king

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd Tuesday received a message from King Hassan of Morocco conveyed by Moulay Gen. Abdul Hafiz Al-Alawi, the Moroccan minister of palaces and protocol and Ahmad ibn Soudah, an adviser in the king's court.

The crown prince also received Tuesday evening Dr. Ali Faqi Kani, Iranian minister of state and supervisor of pilgrimage and endowments affairs.

The meeting was attended by Saudi Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasi and his deputy minister Ahmadullah Bou Qia.

It was also announced Tuesday that Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal left here New York Tuesday for Riyadh.

The prince was in New York to attend the session of the U.N. general assembly.

Local Briefs

• RIYADH (SPA) — Chinese Deputy Minister of Education Dr. Sen Li-an, his delegation and Prince Khaled ibn Fahd ibn Khalfan, deputy minister of education for education and administration Tuesday reviewed educational cooperation.

• DAMMAM, (SPA) — The deputy ministers of interior, finance, agriculture, health and municipal and rural affairs Tuesday inspected Dammam, Al-Khatib, Al-Qatif, Al-Qadih, and Sayhat. In the afternoon, they toured Jubail and Rahima. The mission will visit Ahsa villages Wednesday.



OUTGOING: Mecca Deputy Ambassador Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsen says farewell to Van Loon in Taif Tuesday.

Envoy urges stand against communism

TAIF, Oct. 3 (SPA) — Outgoing Dutch Ambassador Van Loon Tuesday warned against steady communist infiltration in Africa and urged all countries exposed to danger to stand

fast as it threatens everybody's interests.

Van Loon spoke to newsmen here after bidding farewell to Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saud ibn Abdul

Mohsen at the end of his assignment in Saudi Arabia.

He said that Holland appreciated the stand of Saudi Arabia on world issues particularly the Middle East problem.

Kingdom-backed

Moro Muslims urge U.S. brokerage

By Bob Lebling
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3

— Visiting Philippine Muslim leaders Tuesday urged President Carter to give full support to Saudi-backed mediation efforts to end the conflict in the southern Philippines.

Gen. Salipada Pendatun and Sultan Harun Al-Rashid Lucman, leaders of the Bangsa Moro Liberation Organization, told reporters here they were also asking the United States to press the Marcos government "to cease and desist from the use of American weapons against the civilian population in Mindanao."

They hoped the administration would follow through on its commitment to human

rights and "use its influence toward the lifting of martial law and the restoration of constitutional government."

"We have come here to appeal to President Carter to use his good offices with Indonesia and Malaysia for a peaceful and equitable solution," Pendatun said.

Indonesia and Malaysia are seeking to mediate between the southern Philippine Muslims and the government.

Through the efforts of Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal last April, Indonesia and Malaysia agreed to participate actively in mediation, Pendatun told "Arab News."

"The United States," he said, "should be a much more interested party in the mediation."

tion, because we are an ally of America. And that is why we are asking America to support the mediation of Indonesia and Malaysia, which is being backed by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia."

The Bangsa Moro Liberation Organization is the umbrella group for the various Muslims liberation movements in the southern Philippines.

The visit to Washington is the first by Philippine Muslim leaders.

The two men said they received a sympathetic hearing from senators, congressmen and government officials. They plan to go to Malaysia and Indonesia next week for similar talks.

Goods must tally with labels, ministry instructs importers

RIYADH, Oct. 3 (SPA) — Food shipments will not be cleared if inconsistent with specifications cited on the compulsory manifest, be they imported or locally produced, a statement released Tuesday by the Commerce Ministry's Consumer Protection Department said.

In view of applications for re-export and the importance of economic relations with Gulf states, the government now permits exports with certain reservations.

Should export of any locally-produced item or re-export be banned in the future, export

ers will have to obtain permission from the ministers of finance and national economy & commerce and the minister concerned, no matter how soon the shipment.

The ban period will be specified to the customs authorities by the Ministry of Finance & National Economy.

The ban continues to apply on the export of subsidized goods.

Envoy to brief Riyadh on disaster in Lebanon

BEIRUT, Oct. 3 (SPA) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis conferred for one hour Tuesday with Saudi Ambassador Sheikh Ali Al-Shaer.

Minister of Foreign Affairs and Defense Fuad Butros attended the meeting.

Later, Shaer told newsmen he would leave for Saudi Arabia the same day, to brief his superiors on the situation.

Asked whether he delivered a message to President Sarkis from the Saudi government on Lebanon, the ambassador said

he "told him everything as was briefed by him on everything."

On Saudi Arabia's stand toward the U.S. initiative on Lebanon, Sheikh Ali said contacts were under way, while Saudi Arabia had not yet commented.

Research unit sees renewed locust threat

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 — The continued infestation of East Africa by locusts presents strong possibility that the Kingdom will be affected, the Agricultural Research Center has told "Al-Medina" newspaper.

According to the latest World Health Organization (WHO) report, the Asir and Tihama regions are vulnerable to infestation by swarms which have multiplied in the East African rainy season, the center was quoted as saying.

The center is taking precautions against a renewed infestation.

Minerals promise basis for industry-Petromin

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 — The Kingdom intends to exploit its mineral deposits in Wadi Sawan in the northern Hijaz to supply a steel mill planned for Yanbu. Efforts are also being made to determine the quantity of phosphate reserves, while there are sound chances of commercial deposits of copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver and nickel.

Petromin is convinced that the economic development of mineral resources will allow the diversification of the industrial economy.

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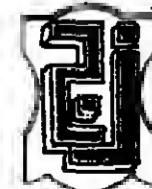
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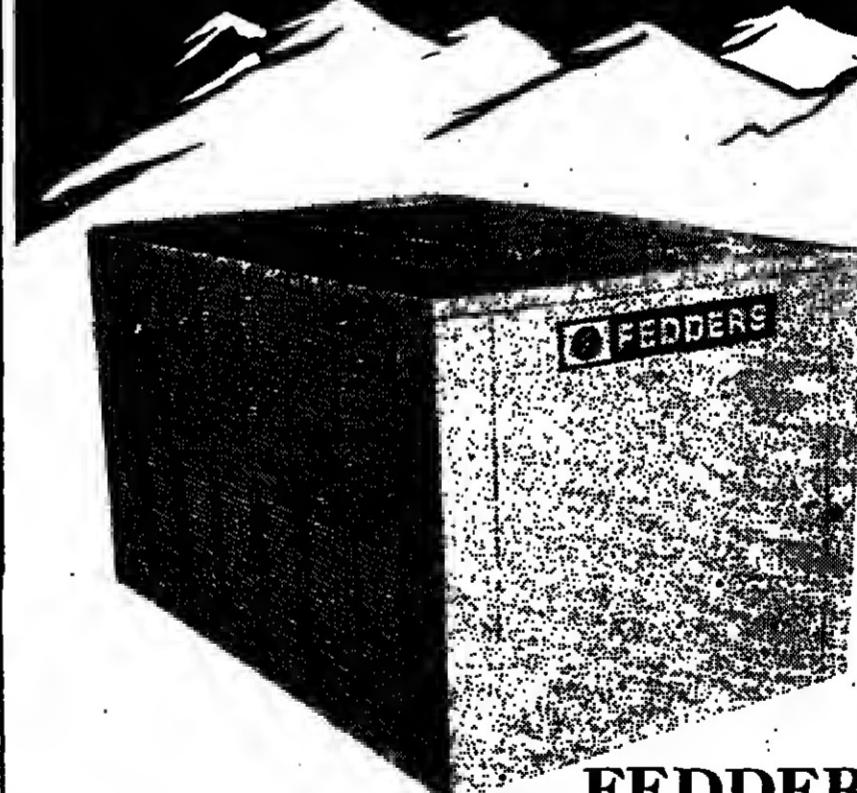
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12 Iranians killed in demonstrations

TEHRAN, Oct. 3 (AP) — At least 12 persons were reportedly killed and many injured in clashes between police and anti-government demonstrators in 12 towns and cities in western Iran, the Tehran paper "Ettelat" reported today.

A report said the demonstrations took place Sunday in at least eight towns and left 12 killed. A report named the towns Kermanshah, Hamadan, Rezaieh, Baneh, Khorramabad and

elsewhere calm was reported the past 24 hours.

Never a wave of strikes reported spreading throughout the country. The official news agency said the several thousand employees of Bank Mell, the country's largest state-owned bank, joined a three-day strike demanding higher wages.

On strike were several thousand employees and technicians of the Telecommunications Company of Iran, and dozens of the state-owned Insurance Company.

Minister of Post and Telecommunications Karim Motamed met strikers at telecommunications headquarters in Tehran Tuesday but failed to reach an agreement.

Meanwhile, the government's Finance Minister Jaafar Shangladesh, Turkey begin talks on ties

KARA, Oct. 3 (AP) — Bangladesh President Ziaur Rahman met with Turkish Prime Minister Bülent Ecevit Tuesday and took part in official delegations between the two countries.

Official sources said the focus was on development, economic, commercial and cultural cooperation between the two countries.

Before their meeting, both men and Ecevit expressed that friendly relations already exist between the two countries.

Both reminded reporters that Bangladesh firmly stood by Turkey's side in all international forums and thanked him for his country's support for Turkey's Cyprus problem within the nonaligned bloc.

Meanwhile, two Bhutto supporters attempted to immolate themselves Monday to demonstrate their demand for the release of Bhutto and other prisoners. They were saved by their own partymen and by police, who immediately smothered the flames.

A similar incident involving two other Bhutto supporters was thwarted in Rawalpindi on Sunday. All were admitted to hospitals. One of the suicide attempts was reported in serious condition.

Other members of Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party threw

rif-Emami was reportedly investigating as many as 4,000 charges of corruption of government officials. Justice ministry officials said one of the persons under investigation was the former head of the secret police, four-star Gen. Nematullah Nasiru.

Hushang Khosku, prosecutor in civil servants court, said that major cases under consideration involve the Iranian state railways and Iran Atomic Energy Organization, the state-owned shipping company and the ministry of health.

Egypt boosts purchase of arms

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Egyptian arms purchases from the United States increased from \$40 million in 1977 to \$937 million in the year just ended, according to Pentagon figures released Monday.

In addition to the sales, the U.S. also gave \$241 million in military equipment in the past year to foreign nations in the form of assistance grants, the Pentagon said.

NATO and other treaty nations are exempt from administration policy to reduce U.S. arms sales. So are all military shipments to Israel and the sale of non-weapons related items such as construction of military facilities in countries such as Saudi Arabia.

Total U.S. arms exports rose by nearly two billion dollars in the year ended Sept. 30, the Pentagon said.

The Defense Department estimated that foreign arms sales totalled nearly \$13.4 billion, compared with \$11.4 billion last year.

Pentagon officials said the higher sales resulted from increased purchases by NATO allies and other treaty countries.

They said President Carter's pledge to cut back arms sales was honored because exports to developing countries were reduced by \$800 million to \$8.5 billion.

Saudi Arabia was the biggest buyer of American arms, spending \$4.2 billion — \$2.3 billion more than the previous year. Purchases included the F-15 fighter and large amounts of military construction work.

Iran was second with \$2.6 billion in purchases and Israel was third with nearly \$1.3 billion — almost tripling the \$52 million spent in the previous year.

Britain jumped to nearly \$500 million from last year's \$80 million and West Germany more than doubled its purchases to more than \$650 million.

South Korea dropped \$250 million to \$400 million.

M.E. Briefs

TEL AVIV: Police sappers Tuesday blew up an explosive device which was found at a northern Sinai Mediterranean resort as thousands of Israelis sunbathed on the beach which Israel had agreed to hand back to Egypt under the Camp David agreement.

KARACHI: Five naval officers were killed when two navy helicopters crashed in flames after colliding near Karachi Monday, official sources said.

ALGIERS: Eleven persons were killed when their house was swept away by flash floods during a thunderstorm here Sunday.

TOKYO: The Japanese government said Tuesday it will provide assistance to victims of the devastating earthquake that hit eastern Iran Sept. 16, the foreign ministry said. Relief supplies worth the equivalent of \$526,000, including blankets and clothes, will be sent to Iranian relief agencies through the Japanese Red Cross at "the earliest possible time," the ministry said.

TEHRAN: Thirteen persons were killed and 15 injured in a road crash between a bus and a truck near the town of Yazd Saturday, newspapers reported.

Nonaligned statement fails to refer to M.E.

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 3 (R) — The foreign ministers of the non-aligned group of 88 states have discussed the Middle East and issued a statement which made no reference to the recent Camp David agreements between Israel and Egypt.

The statement also called for the equal participation of the Palestine Liberation Organization in all international conferences concerned with the Palestinian question.

This reaffirmed the movement's known position that the PLO is the sole representative of the Palestinian people.

The foreign minister called on their 25-nation coordinating bureau to continue consultations on convening a proposed special session of the General Assembly on the Palestine question.

Such a session was urged at a meeting of nonaligned foreign ministers in Belgrade at the end of July but no date for it has yet been proposed.

Hameed said it would be up to the coordinating group, which meets monthly, to consult on a date for the proposed special assembly.

Badr posts telephone back

CAIRO, Oct. 3 (R) — Badr Ali Badr got so fed up with his telephone constantly breaking down he parcelled it up and posted it back, the newspaper "Al-Gomhouria" reported Tuesday.

It said Badr had also brought charges of negligence against the minister of communications and the chairman of the telephone authority.

A court has ordered an investigation into Badr's complaints, the newspaper said. It was not disclosed whether the posted telephone had reached its destination. In Cairo, internal mail can take six weeks to be delivered, if it arrives at all.

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East German leader takes Assad on tour

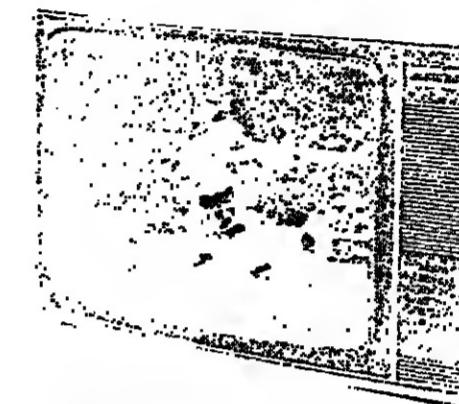
EAST BERLIN, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Syrian President Hafez Assad Tuesday joined his East German host, Communist Party leader Erich Honecker, on a visit to the eastern coal-mining town of Cottbus on the third day of an official stay.

The East German news agency ADN said hundreds of East Germans gathered at the autohahn exit with placards and banners to greet their guests.

President Assad, making the first-ever visit to East Germany by a Syrian president, leaves Wednesday after holding a press conference in East Berlin.

The agency added he had condemned "the dangerous machinations of imperialism and Zionism" and spoken in favor of a further strengthening of friendship and cooperation between Syria and East Germany.

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U.K. deploys anti-terror police**Second emigre death fuels murder probe**

LONDON, Oct. 3 (R) — Anti-terrorist police Tuesday sought links between the mystery deaths of two Bulgarian defectors in London and an attack in Paris on a third.

Vladimir Simeonov, 30, an emigre journalist who worked for the BBC Overseas Service, was found dead at his London home Monday.

A preliminary post mortem early Tuesday showed that he died of asphyxia by inhaling blood from a fractured nose. Police said tests would be carried out to try and establish why he apparently fell down the stairs of his house, and until then they were treating his death as suspicious.

Georgi Markov, 49, a colleague of Simeonov at the BBC, died three weeks ago after saying a man stabbed him in a London street with

New law limits envoy immunity in Washington

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — President Jimmy Carter has signed legislation curtailing the diplomatic immunity enjoyed by thousands of persons employed at foreign embassies in the U.S. capital.

The measure was approved by Congress on Sept. 18.

The bill, for the first time, makes more than 10,000 of the approximately 19,000 foreign embassy personnel in Washington subject to civil suits in U.S. courts for such unofficial acts as parking tickets, leases, and bad checks.

However, it continues the immunity all embassy personnel have from criminal prosecution.

It also requires foreign diplomats to carry automobile liability insurance and permits individuals to sue the insurance carrier directly.

About 8,000 top-ranking diplomats and their families will retain both criminal and civil immunity, under the bill.

the tip of an umbrella. Police said he was murdered.

Vladimir Kostov, 26, also a journalist, said he was hit in the back by a pellet in a Paris metro on August 26—but he survived.

Police sources said Simeonov's body was discovered by a woman who had looked in through the mail chute of his east London home and saw it

on the floor at the bottom of a stairway.

The sources said there was no indication yet how Simeonov died.

Police said last Friday there was a definite link between Markov's death on Sept. 11 and the case of Bulgarian emigre Kostov.

Last Tuesday French surgeons removed the pellet from Kos-

tov's back. Police said it was identical to the one found in Markov's body.

The pellet was 1.7 millimetres in diameter with two holes drilled at right-angles. It was cast from an alloy of 90 per cent platinum and 10 per cent iridium.

Police said it might be months before scientists completed forensic tests on the pellets. They were puzzled as to why Kostov survived but Markov died.

The BBC said Simeonov, who was single and a solitary person, recently received British nationality. He had detected while in holiday in London. Previously he was a student.

His parents lived in the Bulgarian city of Plovdiv and had visited him during the past year, a spokesman said.

State Department sources said the delay results from a tug of war among Carter administration officials as to whether Smith, as the leader of a regime termed "illegal" by the United Nations, can be permitted to visit this country.

yet been made.

Hayakawa said the latest version he had received from State Department officials was that the question would be decided by Wednesday. Depending on what the decision is, he added, he intends to take up the issue with President Carter.

State Department sources

said the delay results from a tug of war among Carter administration officials as to whether Smith, as the leader of a regime termed "illegal" by the United Nations, can be permitted to visit this country.

Confusion was created over

the weekend when news report first quoted officials as saying the visas had been rejected,

then correcting that by repeating that the decision had not

Carter's jailed nephew says 'Remember me Uncle Jimmy?'

SACRAMENTO, California, Oct. 3 (AP) — Jimmy Carter's imprisoned nephew says that if his uncle decides to grant clemency to newspaper heiress Patricia Hearst he hopes the president will pardon him too.

The nephew, William Carter Spann, an inmate at a California prison made his statement in a letter to a radio station.

Miss Hearst, serving a 7-year sentence for a robbery, has appealed to the president for clemency.

Spann said, "Since I didn't rob a bank and since I didn't fire any shots, I hope my Uncle Jimmy will be so kind as to pardon me along with Miss Hearst." He said he has served more time than Miss Hearst, and added, "Fair is fair—or is it?"

It said New York's five organized crime gangs were estimated to have a gross income from bootleg cigarettes of around \$1.5 billion a year in the U.S. and could move into the worldwide market.

The report, dealing with world tobacco trade generally, was issued by the U.N. Conference on Trade and Development. It was the first time the Mafia has ever been mentioned in an UNCTAD document.

Because of wide differences in local taxes, a carton of 200 cigarettes costing \$2.89 in North Carolina sells legal-

ly in New York City for \$5.25. The bootleg price is about \$4.

"This means," the report said, "that a single truckload bought in North Carolina and brought to New York would yield a profit of \$60,000."

The report said: "For the U.S. as a whole, bootleg marketing now accounts for around 25-30 per cent of total sales."

"For New York City, the proportion is as high as 50 per cent."

The report, which gave governments and other institutions, United Nations files and authoritative press articles was aimed at explaining the world tobacco market to developing countries. It was not

destined for specific consideration by any U.N. body.

It said that seven giant tobacco corporations dominate the world market at the expense of the developing countries which produce more than half the world's leaf tobacco.

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After first cabinet

Namibia negotiation possible, Botha says

PRETORIA, Oct. 3 (AP) — Prime Minister P.W. Botha reviewed hopes Tuesday for further negotiations between South Africa and the West on United Nations proposals for independence in Namibia.

Although he said South Africa planned to go ahead with elections in the disputed territory he declared that the door for further talks had not been closed.

A press communique was released after Botha's first cabinet meeting at the Union Building here, following his election as South Africa's eighth prime minister last week.

The door for the implementation of inter-alia, Dr. Waldeheim's report and the additional elucidation, is not being closed by an election of representatives of the peoples of South-West Africa in December this year," the statement said.

U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim's proposals for an internationally monitored transition to independence were opposed by the South African cabinet Sept. 20 because of their provision for a 7,500-man U.N. peacekeeping force and insistence on a year-long transition. South Africa demanded a smaller force and elections by year's end.



P.W. Botha

South Africa subsequently announced plans to go ahead with its own elections in the territory in early December. The territory is administered by South Africa under a League of Nations mandate since revoked by the United Nations.

Meeting over the weekend, the Security Council gave Waldeheim until Oct. 23 to get South Africa's agreement. And in a lengthy statement, the secretary-general stressed that the 7,500-man figure was a maximum and included sizable support facilities. He also spoke of extending the election deadline past Dec. 31, but gave no firm figure.

Callaghan comes out fighting to defend pay policy to party

BLACKPOOL, Oct. 3 (R) — British Prime Minister James Callaghan, battling for political survival, Tuesday told his rebellious Labor Party that he would not give up his economic policies.

In a fighting speech at the party's annual conference here, he appeared to acknowledge that his unpopular wages policy may have been seriously impaired by a trade union-led revolt Monday.

Conference delegates massively rejected the government's efforts to restrict pay rises to five per cent, dealing a stinging blow to Callaghan's authority.

The pay policy — key element in counter-inflation stra-

tegy — has already led to a strike by 57,000 Ford car workers and brought the threat of serious industrial disruption this winter.

The prime minister Tuesday offered to hold wage talks with union leaders at any time, but he bluntly told them that if the pay policy collapsed, he would take harsh alternative fiscal and monetary measures to keep down inflation.

He warned that such alternative measures could worsen unemployment — already at 1,500,000 — and affect private firms' ability to meet pay demands.

Since the 66-year-old prime minister took office in 1976 inflation has dropped sharply to



VICTORIAN British fashion designer Mary Quant recently unveiled her collection of children's clothes, modelled on the Victorian.

Woman commits suicide by burning outside U.N.

GENEVA, Oct. 3 (AP) — A young Australian woman burned herself to death outside the Home Office in London. One British newspaper said Miss Phillips had given thousands of dollars to the Indian sect Ananda Marga, some of whose members have staged attacks on Indian representatives around the world to protest the jailing of their leader.

"We were just about to cross the street along the palace grounds to talk to her when all of a sudden she was burning like a torch," said one eyewitness. "It was horrible. She never even cried. There was not a sound out of her. The whole thing lasted only a few minutes."

Police revealed the woman's nationality and said she was 24 years old but refused to name public her identity until her family was informed. But the Australian consul said his government was checking into reports that she was Lynette Sandra Phillips of New South Wales, who was deported from Britain Sept. 26 after Scotland Yard received infor-

mation she was going to burn herself to death outside the Home Office in London.

One British newspaper said Miss Phillips had given thousands of dollars to the Indian sect Ananda Marga, some of whose members have staged attacks on Indian representatives around the world to protest the jailing of their leader.

"We were just about to cross the street along the palace grounds to talk to her when all of a sudden she was burning like a torch," said one eyewitness. "It was horrible. She never even cried. There was not a sound out of her. The whole thing lasted only a few minutes."

Thailand too was reeling from floods. At least 34 people were feared killed and 11 central and northern provinces cut off for two days.

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NEWS NEWS INFORMATION

No criminal action, rules inquest

South African police cleared of black's death

PORT ELIZABETH, Oct. 3 (R) — An inquest Tuesday cleared South African security police of blame in the death of a young black man who fell from the fifth floor of their headquarters here.

Magistrate J.A. Coetzee ruled that no act or omission amounting to a criminal offense by any other person was involved in the death of 20-year-old Lungile Tabalaza last Ju-

ly. During the inquest, the court was told that Tabalaza had been taken to see another magistrate, where he said he was afraid of returning to the security police offices because he might be beaten.

Dr. Cooper said that when Tabalaza was left alone in the office he had jumped from the window to escape or to commit suicide.

If his aim was suicide, he found death preferable to what was happening or might happen, the lawyer said.

Cooper said the security police involved were not only morally but criminally liable for Tabalaza's death. They should have foreseen that he might try to escape from a situation he already found intolerable.

Questions about interrogation

were revived by the death of Tabalaza and two trials of policemen in other parts of the country on murder charges. One trial is still continuing in Bloemfontein, the other is due to open in Durban later this month.

The Port Elizabeth incident brought a shake-up in police headquarters here. The local

commander, Col. Pieter Goosen, was transferred to another post and two of his men were moved into the detective branch.

One of these was Sergeant Philip Nell, from whose office Tabalaza jumped.

South Africa's police chief, Gen. Mike Goldenhays, said after an investigation into Ta-

balaza's death: "it would appear from the report that strict police instructions regarding the safety of detainees may not in this case have been strictly adhered to."

One of those instructions, issued after Biko died, was that detainees should be interrogated in rooms with barred windows or on the ground floor

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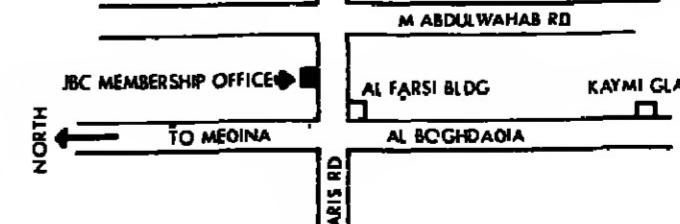
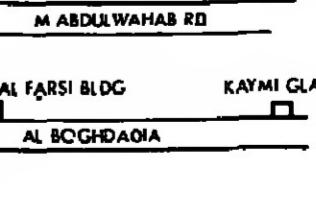
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A FIRST TIME ?

The current inter-Arab dialogue could serve a very useful purpose and could also do great deal of harm. If it succeeds in finding common grounds on which the Arabs can rebuild their unity and solidarity it would have signalled the first positive Arab achievement in many months. But if it leads to further polarization and fragmentation it would confirm once more the sad truth that the Arabs are their worst enemies.

For the time being the signs are good: News from the Gulf indicates a serious effort to convene an urgent Arab summit conference to reconsider the Arab position vis-a-vis war and peace. Bahrain has been the first to make such a call but it has now been taken up by big Iraq. Barring last minute hitches the proposed summit should follow the completion of the contacts now taking place in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait where the latest visitor has been Iraqi leader Mr. Saddam Hussein. King Hussein, another key figure in the joist Arab action, has just concluded an Arab tour and President Hafez Assad will shortly be back from the Soviet Union, having first consulted other Arab leaders on the Camp David aftermath.

The Saudi statement Tuesday has once more confirmed the Kingdom's belief in solidarity of ranks as a precondition for the success of Arab efforts to achieve an honorable peace in the Middle East. The means of Arab solidarity can only be hammered out at a summit conference where all the concerned Arab leaders are present. This does not necessarily mean that a summit conference is a panacea to all Arab ills. Far from it, a summit could end in disarray and more splits.

For a summit to wind up successfully, the Arabs must first secure the following:

—Good faith and the elimination of hostility among the various Arab regimes.

—A pledge to avoid interference in the domestic affairs of other Arab states.

—A termination of all ideological and party conflicts and concentration on the requirements of the coming destiny-shaping phase in the history of the Arab nation.

—The conclusion of a binding Arab security pact that ends any attempt by any state to encourage sabotage in another.

—Restriction of Big Power influences in the Arab world, even to the extent of giving up the disastrous game of playing the U.S. and the Soviet Union against each other in the Middle East because history has shown that they may disagree everywhere else but they are always in agreement against the Arabs.

—Serious preparation for a political, economic and military confrontation, but with the hope that the latter choice is avoided.

—Securing positive international support for the position of the Arab states.

—Avoiding unnecessary provocations that could breach Arab ranks and give Israel a pretext to deal its Arab neighbors a quick blow.

Again it is always easier to speak about Arab solidarity than to achieve it. There is no reason to assume that the Arabs will succeed this time, having failed at every previous attempt to build their power. But one can only hope that one day there will be a first time.

ISLAMIC CODE

The conference of Arab interior ministers in Baghdad has highlighted, among other things, the importance of the Islamic code of justice in preventing widespread crime in societies where the code is strictly applied as in the case of Saudi Arabia.

Prince Naif, the Saudi minister, has been at pains to stress the positive results of the Islamic concept of crime prevention to his Arab counterparts whose countries have not yet decided to fight crime, by preventing it, through the application of the Islamic code.

To the casual observer, the Islamic code may appear too severe on criminals and wrong doers, what with beheading convicted murderers, severing of thieves' hands and sentencing highwaymen and rapists to death. But, a closer study of these methods reveals that on account of their severity, they have actually saved the people of that society by reducing the number of violent crimes, thereby saving more lives of victims and potential offenders alike. How many people have been beheaded in Saudi Arabia say in the past ten years for murder and rape? A dozen, two. But how many people, in the same period, have died violently in New York, Tokyo or Rome, because law enforcement there has not been as strict as it is in this country.

Contrary to sensational popular press reports abroad, Islamic penal codes are not as sword-happy as they are portrayed. What they aim at is to dissuade would-be offenders from doing harm to others except in irrefutable circumstances of self-defense. In the long run, fewer citizens are killed, wounded, robbed and abducted than in any other society with the same number of people.

This is not to claim that there are no crimes in Islamic societies including Saudi Arabia. Wherever there are human beings there will always be the temptation to commit offenses. But because the deterrent of punishment is so real and so swiftly carried out in the interest of the majority, the temptation to commit an offense is much less compelling than elsewhere.

This is the concept and message of the Islamic code of justice—to make sure that would-be offenders stop and reconsider deeply the serious consequences of their intentions.



Ali Salomon and the 50 Thieves.

Last chance talks on Rhodesia

By David Martin

LUSAKA —

The proposed Rhodesian all-party conference, first called for in April by President Jimmy Carter, is to go ahead very soon irrespective of who agrees to attend.

This agreement, according to authoritative sources, was the principal point in what is being referred to as the "Kano Accord," named after the northern Nigerian town where Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda and British Prime Minister James Callaghan held seven hours of talks last month.

Sources say that a target date was agreed for the conference and although they refuse to name the day, it is believed to be around the middle of October.

The British Foreign Secretary, Dr. David Owen, will be discussing the Kano agreement in the United States this week with the American Secretary of State, Cyrus Vance, while President Kaunda briefs his African front-line colleagues in Angola, Botswana, Mozambique and Tanzania.

One point which is still uncertain is the venue. The Indian Ocean island of Mauritius has been suggested and has offered to host the conference. The southern Zambian town of Livingston or a railway carriage on the bridge over the Zambezi connecting Rhodesia and Zambia are other possibilities.

The plan appears to be to simply send invitations to the six proposed participants—the four signatories of the Rhodesian internal settlement and the two co-leaders of the Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance.

If any refuse to attend that will be their affair and the conference will go ahead with-

out them—unless so many are absent that the whole exercise becomes ridiculous.

The person who seems most likely to refuse to attend is the United African National Council (UANC) leader, Bishop Abel Muzorewa. Earlier this year his presence might have been regarded as crucial. But all the indications are that he is rapidly losing support, and as he commands no guerrillas, he cannot affect the outcome of a ceasefire.

Another of the internal settlement signatories, the Reverend Ndabaningi Sithole, may also refuse to attend. But in reality his presence is probably the least important for it is doubted whether he could even get five per cent of the votes in an election.

The main role likely to be played by both Bishop Muzorewa and Sithole at the conference would be to try to wreck the talks. For agreement means that they would have to surrender power and, like everyone else, acknowledge that the internal settlement has failed.

The third African signatory of the Salisbury agreement, Chief Jeremiah Chirau, has already indicated that he supports the idea of an all-party conference.

In private discussions with Joshua Nkomo, one of the co-leaders of the Patriotic Front, Chief Chirau stressed that he wanted to see his two African colleagues dumped because, he argued, they had lied when they claimed they were supported by the guerrillas and could secure a ceasefire.

Ian Smith's attendance in the wake of the shooting down of a Rhodesian civilian airliner and the angry reaction from his white constituency is more problematic.

If any refuse to attend that will be their affair and the conference will go ahead with-

out them—unless so many are absent that the whole exercise becomes ridiculous.

"Okay" editorial said that the realization of Arab solidarity "has always formed the foundation stone" of Saudi policy.

"Arab" political activity at this juncture should aim at uniting Arab ranks, and the announcement by the Kuwaiti government that it welcomed a summit conference confirms the importance of this goal in Arab thinking."

The paper said that Arab strength "lies in their solidarity and unity in the face of their common enemy and in view of the need to liberate their occupied lands."

"It would be better for the

during his secret visit to Lusaka to meet Nkomo that he would consider any idea to end the war. He is also prepared to bring Bishop Muzorewa and Sithole, who he blames for the failure of the internal settlement.

On the Patriotic Front side, Robert Mugabe, president of the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU), whose guerrillas are doing most of the fighting, has said since April that he is willing to attend an all-party conference. ZANU also stresses that it wants elections before independence.

But Nkomo said ten days ago that the all-party conference was "dead and buried," a remark which drew sharp denials from ZANU officials. He repeated this again in a BBC interview after seeing President Kaunda on his return from Kano.

Nkomo has two serious problems about a negotiated settlement within the context of the year-old Anglo-American proposals. First, his guerrillas have contributed little to the seven-year war and his officials admit this. Second, if there are to be United Nations supervised elections, many black Rhodesians doubt whether he could win 20 per cent.

But with President Kaunda—Nkomo's boss—committed to the all-party conference, it would appear Nkomo will have little choice but to attend.

Meanwhile, conditions within Rhodesia continue to deteriorate. British Foreign Secretary David Owen charged Monday that South African troops may have been operating in Rhodesia. The country's only daily black newspaper, the "Zimbabwe Times," was banned on Monday after repeatedly criticizing the current transition government as ineffective.—(OFNS)

is really political, the government of the country should have political leaders to run it in the pursuit of peace and progress.

"Coupled with the new cabinet the new security plan announced by President Sarkis should be implemented." The paper hailed both decisions.

"Al-Bilad's" columnist Hassan Engawi upheld the call for an Arab summit conference to face up to the dangers which face us and to respond to the difficult phase which the region has entered from two sides.

"The Camp David accords and their effects on the state of affairs of the Arabs;

"—The Lebanese situation and its effects on regional stability as a whole."

The writer states that the connection between the two issues is strong and fundamental "which makes it imperative that if no decisive solution is

Bonn worried over SALT

By Michael Gethin

BONN —

West Germany is putting pressure on the United States to protect European interests in the current strategic arms negotiations with the Soviet Union and thus bringing to a head what officials here, in Paris and Washington, and at NATO headquarters in Brussels view as the most sensitive issue now—confronting the North Atlantic Alliance.

The issue involves trying to establish a rough balance of nuclear and conventional military power in central Europe—between the Soviets and Western Europe—once Moscow and Washington have hammered out a new SALT agreement that roughly equalizes the missile and bomber forces that could attack each other's homeland.

The West Europeans—especially the West Germans—are increasingly expressing concern that unless something is also done about the growing Soviet medium-range missile and bomber forces aimed at Western Europe rather than at the United States, the imbalance could eventually erode Western European confidence and lead to unforeseen shifts in political and military attitudes confronting the NATO alliance.

In an important but little-noticed speech to Social Democratic Party policymakers here in August, Bonn's Defense Minister, Hans Apel, said solving the problem of these so-called gray zone medium-range weapons is one of the most important security tasks confronting the NATO alliance today.

A solution could involve building new medium-range weapons to offset the Soviet arms or opening up the U.S.-Soviet strategic weapons negotiations to a vast array of tactical allied jets and missiles based in Europe that the United States has managed to keep off the bargaining table for the past 10 years, despite Soviet complaints.

The issue is technical, complicated and permeated with fears that are never quite stated publicly. For these reasons, it has attracted relatively little public discussion. But, as one top West German official said, there will be heavy emphasis on this and it will become... more politically sensitive.

European concern surfaced for the first time publicly almost a year ago, in a speech by West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt to the prestigious International Institute

of Strategic Studies in London.

The speech attracted little press attention, in part because it was delivered in London at a time when the German and Western press were preoccupied with terrorist actions.

But the speech set off alarm bells in some top levels of the State Department.

In it, Schmidt pointed out that a SALT agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union codifies the strategic arms balance between the superpowers, but also neutralizes the strategic capabilities of both.

"In Europe, this magnifies the significance of the disparities between East and West," Schmidt said. "We Europeans must be anxious to insure that these negotiations do not neglect those factors which make up NATO's defense strategy."

The last comment was a reference to the mixture of conventional, tactical and strategic forces.

While applauding SALT, Schmidt warned that strategic arms limitations confined to the U.S. and the Soviet Union would do not fit into either the SALT talks, which deal with ocean-spanning U.S. and Soviet strategic weapons, or the troop reduction talks, which deal mostly with conventional weapons. Thus, they are called gray area weapons.

Bringing these weapons into future SALT negotiations, however, aside from opening up the question of U.S. medium-range jets based in Europe, might also affect French and British nuclear forces, which are medium-ranged, plus other U.S.-developed weapons such as cruise missiles and neutron warheads.

The significance of August's speech by Defense Minister Apel is that it disclosed a more clearly emerging view in Bonn that the Soviet gray-zone weapons are strategic and should be dealt with in the U.S.-Soviet SALT negotiations.

Apel, a former finance minister who is a protege of Schmidt's and a possible future chancellor, said Europe has nothing comparable to offset the mobile Soviet weapons directly threatening central Europe and that the explosive strength of these arms has a strategic effect.

Some French strategists feared that Schmidt, by emphasizing the differences between nuclear and conventional weapons, might be encouraging the idea that a conventional attack could take place without nuclear weapons being used to counteract the Soviets if necessary.

European concern surfaced for the first time publicly almost a year ago, in a speech by West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt to the prestigious International Institute

of Strategic Studies in London.

It was "almost accidental," the paper said, that any of 17 were caught and the cases wound up in court.

Many recipients of Czechoslovak ousting, candy, and doses of extra cash are headwaiters, hotel clerks, big-city auto mechanics, and others who have armies or counterparts in the capital, West.

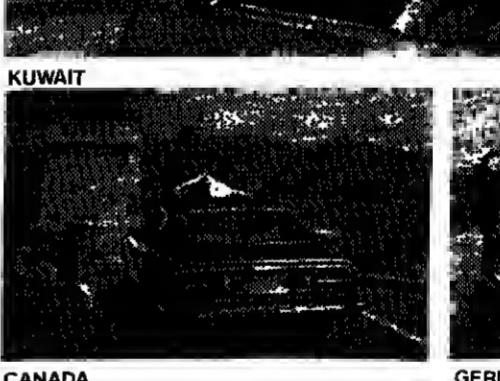
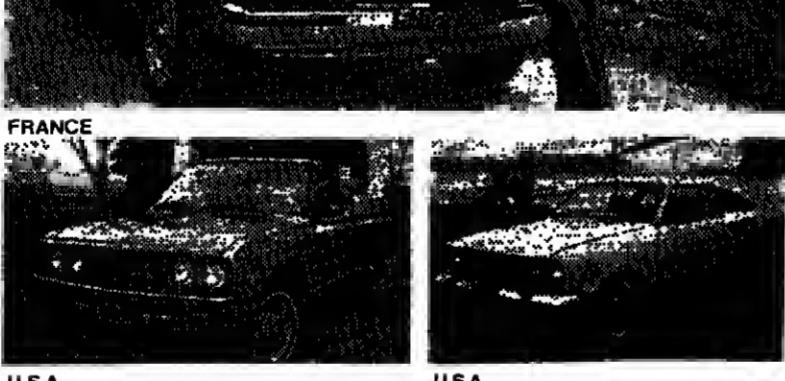
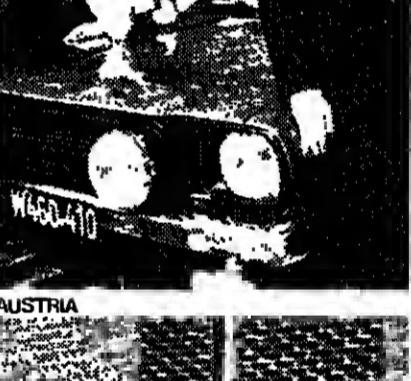
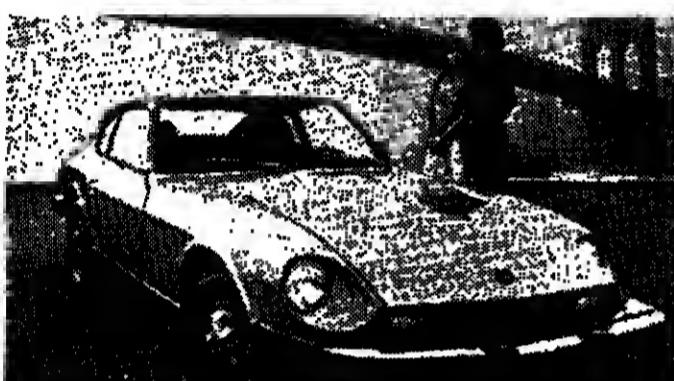
But Czechoslovakia's sluggish economy is saddled with shortages of both labor and goods, and consumer goods production is growing at only 3 per cent a year. As a result, the problem of bribes has spread widely through the economy and covers a broad range of items and services.

"He who bribes is guided by fear," one newspaper reader wrote. "Fear

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The new Qatar National Museum complex

By Mary Jo McCoshay

Doha, Qatar — Near the corniche in Doha stands a palace from old Arabia, gleaming white and tranquil under the hot Gulf sun. Its gardens are scented with frangipani and magnolia, and the classic automobiles in its garage look serviced and ready to go. This place is not simply a monument miraculously preserved in the wake of modern oil boom construction; it is the living, breathing home of the new Qatar National Museum complex, already becoming renowned throughout the region as a model of what can be done to preserve the past with the most up-to-date methods.

The solid, crenellated buildings of the museum have been in the Al Thani family — the rulers of Qatar — for many years. Emir Khalifa bin Hamad al-Thani, himself a great supporter of the museum concept, remembers spending childhood days among the palace rooms and playing near the sea which then almost washed its steps. Today an ambitious government landfill project is creating a crescent-shaped shoreline for downtown Doha, and the lovely reconstructed walls and halls are now inland.

Undaunted by the palace's "new" geography, planners set out to show how Qataris used to live in the desert and on the Gulf. A giant Bedouin tent set up in a section of the obviously urban courtyard is jarringly out of place, but the effort to re-call the ways of the sea is a resounding success.

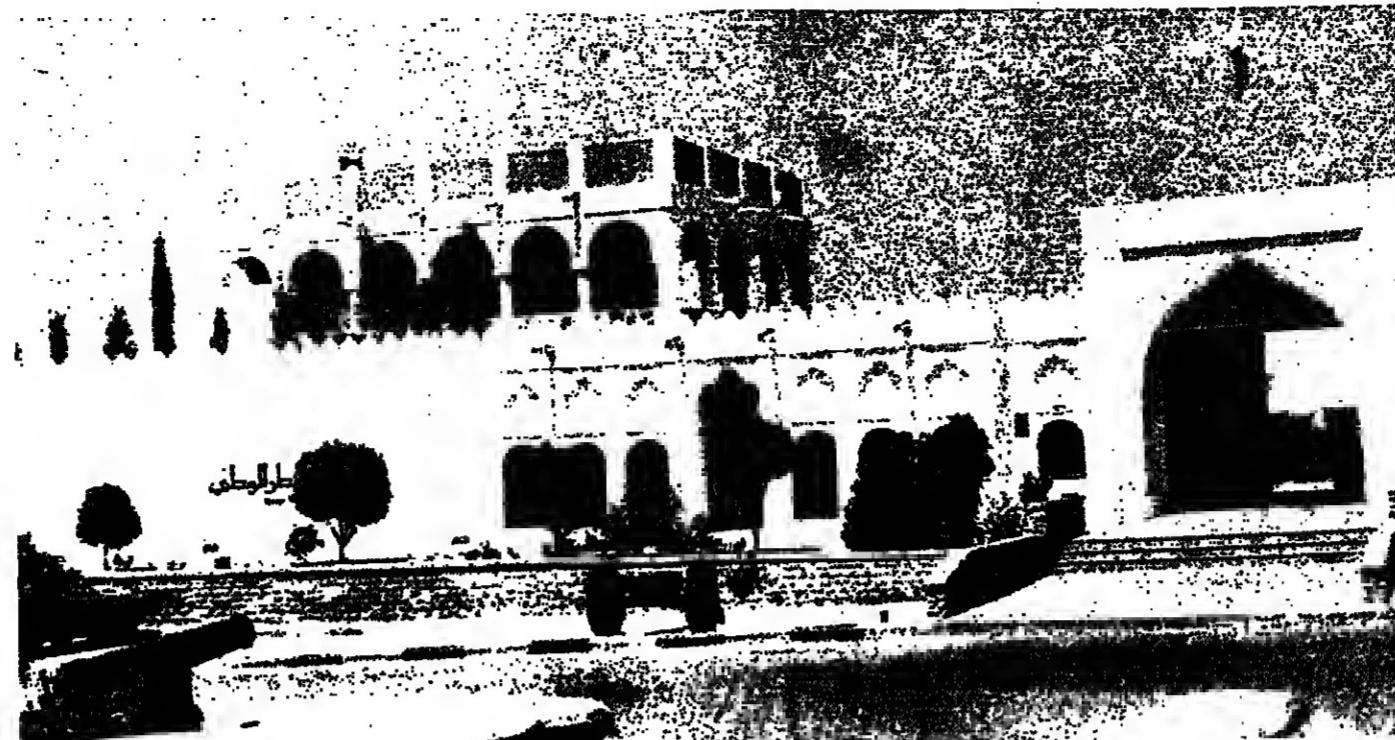
Qataris have always been fishermen, and they have lived from the sea in other ways as well. Over a hundred years ago a Qatari ruler was reported to have told the British traveler William Palgrave, "We

are all from the highest to the lowest slaves of one master, Pearl."

The task of the pearl divers was grueling and dangerous. But dhows were their homes away from land in the days when the Qatar fleet controlled a full third of the rich Gulf pearl trade, and the magnificent boats were crafted with skill and care. There are few dhows left in the Gulf, but at the Doha museum complex one can see six of them silently moored in the waters of their own lagoon.

These ships bob and list in a body of water dredged from a landfill. They were specially commissioned, and may be the last of those to be built in the old way, without structural modifications for inboard engines. On the edge of the lagoon stands a simple but impressive sea museum, including an extensive aquarium where about two dozen species swim, slither and float just as they might in the open Gulf. In the same building is a room in the shape of a dhow, where the tools of the pearl diving trade are on display. For the young generation of Qataris — oil workers, administrators and merchants — this room is an education about the boat-builders, pearlbers and fishermen who were their grandparents. Here there are auto-visual displays as well as courts and models, and a just showing of magnificent pearls from the Emir's own private collection.

Back to the cool halls and gardens of the seaside palace, the visitor is presented with a panorama of Qatar from the days of its geological formation to the everyday artifacts of life before oil and finally — in a capsule survey of petroleum science — to the present day. Qatar's peninsula juts out



from the land mass of Arabia, only a few hours drive from the town of the Eastern Province. Thus it is not surprising that displays in Doha are a textbook about life on much of the Gulf coast only a few short decades ago. In one old room, fulgurite gypsum windows once lit in the breezes of the sheikhs teaching the Koran to young students. Everything here — lecterns, rugs, cushions — is arranged the way it would have been in the days when the only education a boy received was in the home or in the mosque.

In another long room, woven mats, delicate plasterwork and the staff and whisk of the sheikh mark the majlis. There is an enclosed porch too, where pestles and beaters of the coffee-making ritual are gathered. Here there are long-beaked pots from Qatif and

the country.

The experience of visiting the palace museum remains vivid in the mind of one who daily watches the changing face of the Gulf's Arabian

shore. The change is rapid and memory pictures fade quickly. In Doha, a rich slice of old Arabia has been ransomed and returned to those who want to see what came before.



Dhows moored behind museum

A visitor's view of Qatar's shifting sands

By Jack G. Shaeen
Special to Arab News

EDWARDVILLE, Illinois — Qatar may be too small to locate on a world map, but size has nothing to do with importance.

This 4,500-square mile state on the Gulf is the ninth largest oil-producing country in the Arab world.

Before oil, the life style of the average Qatari was simple; the desert was dotted with Bedouin tents; the coastal ports were filled with the white sails of fishing dhows. Not that the pace has now become hectic, because it hasn't.

The sands are shifting. There are 175,000 people in the country. About 125,000 of them live in the capital of Doha. Twenty years ago Doha was little more than a desert village. Today, through thoughtful planning, Doha has become a city with modern Arabesque buildings, wide thoroughfares, posh restaurants, theaters and luxury hotels.

Once a deserted wilderness, Qatar is rapidly becoming an ultra-modern state. Nowhere is change more apparent than in the desert. Here, illuminating colors from vibrant red sunsets no longer seek out the white, pyramid-shaped tents.

Instead, the sun's evening reflections glitter randomly off TV antennas.

The constant companion of the Bedouin, the camel, is fast being replaced by dune buggies and Land Rovers. Desert highways, gleaming with fresh asphalt and concrete, boast camel crossing signs. Alone, the cacto-tanked camel appears lost amidst the noise of whizzing traffic.

The coastal areas have also changed. The tiny fishing villages are nearly gone. Those few remaining hamlets enjoy a quiet dignity, a solitude of peace.

There is an abundance of fish, but seldom will an elderly fisherman emerge with some precious Gulf pearls. The discovery is still a rare and exciting event.

Before oil, pearl diving was the main source of income. The pearls are among the world's finest — and most expensive. They may be purchased only at exclusive shops, such as the one located in Doha's Gulf Hotel. Doha, is a monument to the new-found wealth.

Nowhere is the thrust of competition more plainly illustrated than in the Gulf Hotel, the business oasis of Qatar. Here Americans, Eng-

lishmen, and Japanese executives jockey with Qataris for financial supremacy.

Those are the physical things. Probably the greatest changes are those things that a person cannot touch. The wealth has enabled Qataris to travel; there is universal free health care; the country is now able to host international sporting events; and most important of all are the educational opportunities offered to the people, including a university.

That's where I came in. An official of the U.S. State Department whom I had met while teaching mass communications at the Americana University of Beirut learned that Qatar was planning to start a mass communications program at the university and to build a new telecommunications center. The center was to provide a variety of programs for the Gulf states. He suggested me, and the State Department tapped me for service.

The next thing I knew I was on a plane heading for Doha with lots of books and notes, but with only some vague ideas of what I might be able to accomplish in the midst of summer.

The friendliness of the people more than compensated for

the blazing heat. It probably can be expressed best in examples of a couple of friends I made while there. The director of Radio Qatar took me riding in his Mercedes. We drove through the city, its billboards advertised the fact that the Shaeens of Lebanon were really travelers. One branch of the family highway went to Illinois, another to Doha. Everywhere I looked there were Shaeens in business, hotels, houses and laundry.

After one swim, the director asked if I would like to visit some in the experimental farms. I knew he was being polite and occurred. I had taken a large part out of his busy day. Before he dropped me off at the hotel, we stopped at the Blue Nile Juice Bar for liquid refreshment. Both of us ordered mango juice — oo the rocks.

A few days later a friend met me to his home for lunch — and dinner.

It was really an honor because it was like being invited into the family. The rooms of the house were spacious and filled with French and Arabic furniture. In another room musicians played traditional music.

On the table were plates of fine china surrounding a large silver platter filled with chunks of lamb, chicken, salad, eggplant, cucumbers, squash, tomatoes, saffron rice, and beans. Surrounding the table were large elaborate pillows. At the place where I was to sit there was tableware; there were no utensils at any of the other plates. The knife and fork were courtesies to me. I returned the courtesy by eating with my right hand.

Small as it seems, the meal represented the dilemmas faced in Qatar of maintaining the old values while acquiring new ones. Progress is welcomed, but Qataris don't want to lose touch with traditions, meaning, the family. The family is everything; the structure, the foundation.

In essence, the Qatari attitude seems to be of one big family. This feeling is perhaps best symbolized in Qatar's new National Museum.

Reflecting the unity of man, the museum is the most advanced and beautiful structure of its type in the Middle East. It is also a human place.



The Gulf Hotel in Doha

Newspaper suicide in New York City

By Joyce Eggleston

NEW YORK — For eight weeks, New York city has been without its three daily newspapers, and there is no end in sight to the strike of pressmen which has kept them off the streets.

Lately negotiations between the pressmen and the publishers, so far characterized by intransigence on both sides, entered a new phase. There are indications of disunity between the pressmen and the other newspaper unions which have been supporting them, and a growing feeling among the publishers that the strike should be broken with non-union labor if necessary.

On both sides there is desperation behind the impasse. Newspaper strikes in this city have a history of putting newspapers out of business. The 11-day strike of 1962-3 killed the "New York Mirror." A shorter strike in 1965 was followed by the deaths of the "Journal American," "World Telegram" and "Herald Tribune."

Now Rupert Murdoch's "New York Post" (the city's only remaining evening paper) and the tabloid "New York Daily News" are being financially crippled. Only the "New York Times," which has widespread publishing interests, is able to withstand the enormous daily losses and even it is suffering badly.

"We suspect that newspapers are not playing the central role in people's lives that they did 15 years ago. The feeling that one gets from research is that people who have left off reading papers are not turning to television or news magazines for information. They are simply dropping out of public life. It is a trend which alarms political scientists as well as journalists."

In a television interview (which, significantly, was screened at 1:30 a.m. when there are very few viewers), "Post" publisher Rupert Murdoch described New Yorkers as "hungry for newspapers" and predicted that this will lead to an increase in circulation after the strike — an event, he said, which happened recently with the London "Sun". — (OFNS)

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Power cut gives chess men welcome rest

BAGUJO, Philippines, Oct. 3 (R) — An electricity failure Tuesday night gave the world's two top chess players a rest that both welcomed but neither would request.

The World Chess Championship playing hall was blacked out when an electricity transformer started spewing sparks a few hours before the 29th game was due to start.

With 27-year-old champion Anatoly Karpov leading five games to two, both players appeared exhausted in the struggle which entered its 12th week Tuesday.

They can each request one postponement between the 24th and 32nd games, but have so far kept this option in reserve.

The champion and 47-year-old challenger Viktor Korchnoi have each reaped a dramatic victory out of the past two games and the champion now stands only one step from the six wins he needs to retain his crown. Korchnoi cannot afford a single error.

Interestingly, both victories were scored with the black pieces, which do not have the advantage of making the first move.

Monday, Korchnoi told reporters he had decided to switch his tactics in the hope of staging a last-minute comeback against the champion's commanding lead.

He had decided Karpov was simply trying to lure him into time trouble over the chessboard — sometimes even seeming to play inferior moves to confuse him into wasting time on the reply.

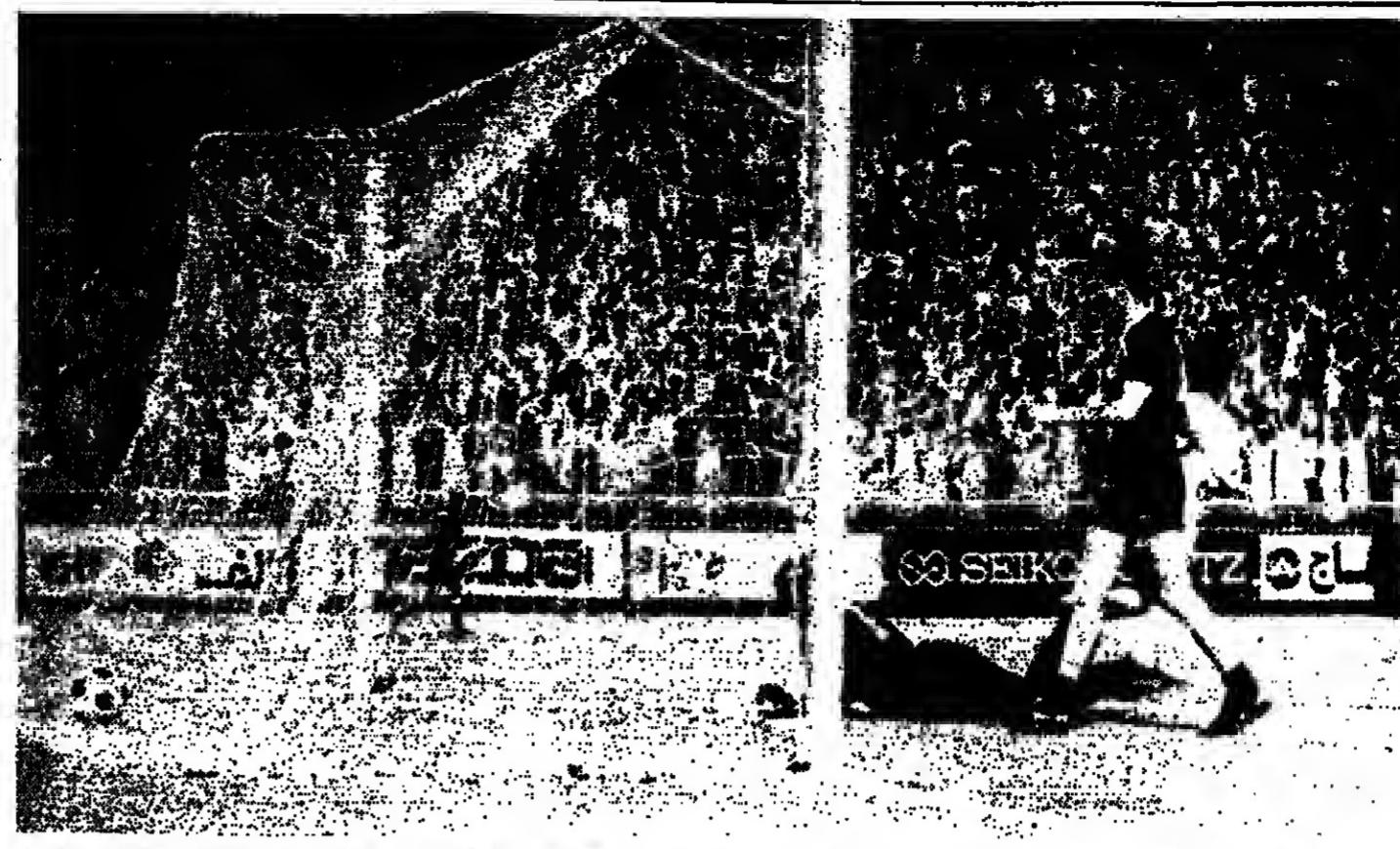
Monza pile-up victim plans return to F1

MILAN, Italy Oct. 3 (AP) — Vittorio Brambilla, the veteran Formula One driver who suffered multiple fractures in the Italian Grand Prix at Monza on Sept. 10, was discharged from a Milan hospital Monday and returned home to Monza.

Brambilla, 41, will undergo daily medical checks at home. Doctors said his full recovery will take time.

He was badly injured in the pileup of cars which followed the start of the race. Swedish driver Ronnie Peterson died from injuries suffered in the accident.

Brambilla, hit in the head by a flying wheel, said he planned to resume Formula One racing. "The racing season is over this year, but I want to be among the starters next year," he said.



cityent, Jackson key rally

Yanks snap Boston skein or 3rd AL East crown

BOSTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — New York's Rocky Dent rallied the New York Yankees with a three-run homer in the seventh and Reggie Jackson ap-pealed the finishing touch with a home run in the eighth as the 1977 World Series champion hung on for a 5-4 victory over the Boston Red Sox and won the American League East title in a playoff today.

The Yankees' East champions for the third straight year, will begin the best-of-five series for the third straight year, will begin the best-of-

five AL championship playoff series at Kansas City against the Royals Tuesday night.

Dent, despite pain from a foul ball off his shin, ripped an off-speed pitch from former teammate Mike Torrez into the screen in left field, putting the Yankees ahead for good, 3-2.

Southpaw Ron Guidry earned his 25th victory against only three losses, with limming relief from Rich Gossage, after yielding two

Gossage, after yielding two

L leader staying cool about 7th batting title

Hornsby and Stan Musial.

Carew, who began this season with a .335 average, won his first title in 1969 with a .332 mark, and has been the AL's top hitter in six of the past seven years. The only time he didn't win during that stretch was in 1976, when he finished one point behind George Brett of the Kansas City Royals.

Last year, Carew compiled a .388 average, the highest in the majors since Ted Williams of the Boston Red Sox also hit .388 in 1957.

While Carew remained the dominant hitter in the American League, outfielder Dave Parker of Pittsburgh became the first Pirates' player since the late Roberto Clemente 'n 1964-65 to win two straight National League batting championships.

The slugging Parker, who also missed some playing time because of a broken collarbone suffered in a mid-season collision with catcher John Stearns of the New York Mets, put on a brilliant late-season surge and wound up with a .334 average, far ahead of Steve Garvey of the Los Angeles Dodgers, the runner-up at .316.

Last year, Parker won the title with a .338 mark.

Cincinnati's George Foster won the NL home run and Runs Batted In titles for third consecutive year, finishing with 40 homers and 120 RBI. He is only the sixth player in major league history to lead a league in RBI for three years in a row. The others were Babe Ruth, Hornsby, Joe Medwick, Wagner and Cobb — all Hall of Famers.

Philadelphia's Greg Luzinski was the NL home run runner-up with 35 and Parker was second in RBI with 117.5 home runs and Runs Batted In.

Redskins block Cowboys offense 9-5 victory

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 — Mark Moseley boot-field goals of 52, 42 and 30 yards and the hard-hitting shington defense shut down the vaunted Dallas offense Monday night as the defeated Redskins bested Cowboys 9-5, before Pre-t Jimmy Carter.

he victory gave Washington a two-game edge over the fading world champion Cowboys, now 3-2, in the national Football Conference

Washington quarterback Theismann added insult injury by giving up an additional two-point safety to the game's final play.

Ken Houston intercepte-in the end zone and a 1-quarter goaline stand by hington blunted the only serious Cowboy threat of the t.

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feated Australia, 77-75, in Sunday's opening game.

Regarded a top challenger to the U.S.S.R. with Yugoslavia, the Americans capitalized on their height and muscles to completely subdue the Dominican five and simply coast-

Also through to the semifinal round are Canada and Yugoslavia, which also won Tuesday, along with the United States, which qualified Monday night, the Soviet Union as title-holder and the Philippines as host nation.

One semifinal place has still to be decided.

Brazil had to struggle Tuesday to beat Italy 88-84 and Australia prevailed by only two points over the Dominican Republic, 74-72. Yugoslavia overwhelmed South Korea, 121-85, and Canada beat Senegal, 60-42.

With their victory Monday over the Central American and Caribbean champion, Dominica the Americans became the first team to score two wins needed to qualify for the semifinals. The U.S. squad, built around the "Athletes in Action" team of former collegiate players, narrowly de-

tailed after coming out of the first half with a 49-24 lead.

"We looked better, and our passes were a little crispier," said American coach Bill Oates. "If we play well as we played tonight, I think we can beat anybody."

with his Thursday speed of 178,660 koh.

● SAN FRANCISCO, (AP) — John McEnroe overcame Dick Stockton's powerful serve to win the men's \$175,000 tennis tournament Monday night, 2-6, 7-6, 6-2. McEnroe was had beaten by Stockton in the first set but came back to put the second set into a tie-breaker, which he won 7-5. By the third set, McEnroe was able to upset Stockton's net game by lobbing shots deep in the court, falling just inside the baseline.

● PESHAWAR, Pakistan, (R) — South Korea took a surprise 1-0 lead over Pakistan in their 1979 Davis Cup Eastern Zone first round tennis match here Monday when Kim Bong-suk beat Saeed Mir, 5-7, 7-9, 9-7, 6-2, 6-4.

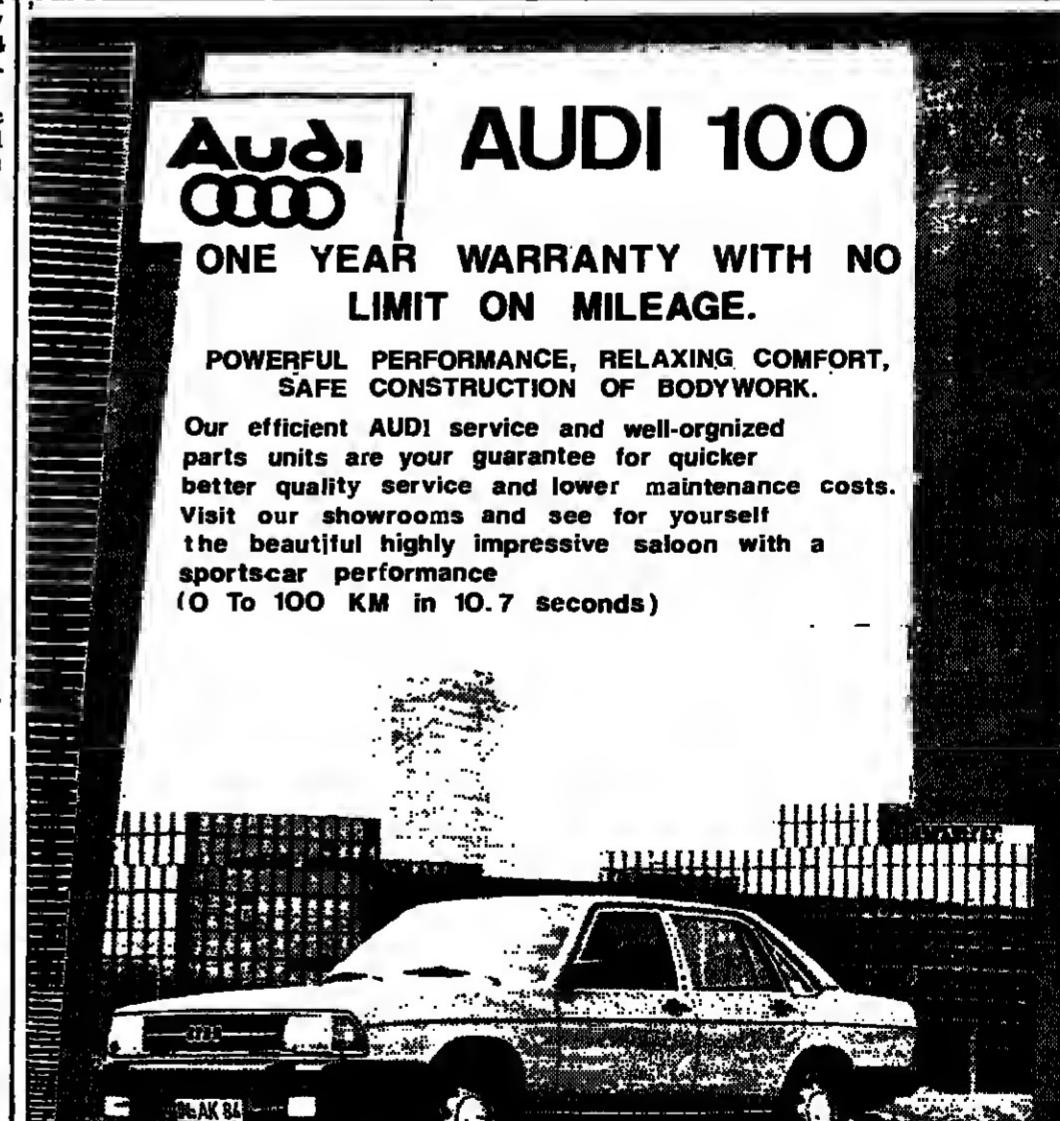
In basketball meet

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Soviets to give Libya nuclear power complex

PARIS, Oct. 3 (AP) — The Soviet Union has signed an agreement to supply Libya with a nuclear power complex, a Soviet official said Tuesday.

The complex is to include a 300-megawatt reactor, a research center and laboratories. Andronnik Petrossian, president of the Soviet Atomic Energy Commission, told a press conference,

Eastern European trade bloc, Finland and Libya are the only other customers for Soviet nuclear power stations.

"Because of domestic requirements, the Soviet Union is forced to refuse foreign orders for its nuclear plants," Petrossian said.

He also disclosed the Soviet Union has developed a new uranium enrichment process, but declined to give details.

He would say only that excellent results had been obtained with the new process, and that a pilot industrial plant was already in operation.

Petrossian said France and the Soviet Union have concluded a two-year nuclear

cooperation agreement involving the participation of about 300 Soviet and French technicians and several joint projects.

These include study of physics problems related to fast neutron reactors and sodium technology, the study of the characteristics of construction materials and fuel for fast breeders, and tests of a French capacitor simulator in a Soviet desalting plant.

He said the two countries will also cooperate in the chemical reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel from both liquid water and fast neutron reactors, and will experiment jointly in the field of controlled thermo-nuclear fusion.

Last April, West Germany granted Sudan 30 million marks (\$15 million) in technical aid.

President Numeiri stated the second day of his visit with a one-hour meeting with Franz Josef Strauss, the leader of the ultra-conservative Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU).

W. Germany grants Sudan \$40m in financial aid

BONN, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — West Germany Tuesday granted Sudan 80 million marks (\$40 million) in financial aid this year under an agreement signed here, the foreign ministry said.

where nationalist guerrillas have been fighting Moroccan and Mauritanian forces since Spain ceded the territory to these two North African states in 1973.

The money will be used for the electrification of Karima and Merowe towns and the purchase of locomotives and ships from West Germany.

The spokesman said Numeiri and Strauss discussed West Germany's assistance to Sudan to set up a training school for air pilots and technicians.

In an editorial comment on the visit of Numeiri, the conservative daily, "Die Welt," Tuesday recalled that he was the man who once said Africa needs tractors not tanks.

"The Germans in general and West Germany in particular enjoy high regard in his country," the paper continued.

"Development aid is large and German industry has a leading position on the Sudanese market. The under-developed republic on the Nile profits from this."

President Numeiri stated the second day of his visit with a one-hour meeting with Franz Josef Strauss, the leader of the ultra-conservative Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU).

CSU spokesman said the two men discussed the situation in the Middle East and in the Horn of Africa and stressed the need for peaceful solutions to the conflicts in Namibia (South West Africa) and Rhodesia.

President Numeiri, who is the current chairman of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), also had a detailed discussion with Strauss on the situation in the Western Sahara,

The two men discussed the possibilities for the peaceful solution in the Western Sahara,

Algerian dam to get \$26m from Japanese

TOKYO, Oct. 3 (R) — Algeria will get a five billion yen (\$26.4 million) loan to finance an irrigation dam project, under an agreement signed here Tuesday.

The president and director general of Algeria's state-run Credit Populaire d'Algérie, Muhammad noureddine Kerras signed the agreement with an international syndicate of 11 firms led by the Tokai Bank of Japan.

Bank sources said Algeria has so far received bank loans totalling nearly 200 billion yen (one billion dollars) from Japanese banks to help its development projects.

In 1974, Japan extended its first government loan of 12 billion yen (\$63.5 million) to Algeria for its telecommunications projects.

Arab-Latin bank opens new links for 2 regions

by its initials as Arilaban, has \$100 million in initial capital invested by 27 financial institutions in 18 Arab and Latin American countries.

The bank's executive committee includes President Abdulsalih al-Tammar, president of the Kuwait Foreign Trading, Contracting and Investment Co., first Vice President Abdulla Saudi, president of the Libyan Arab Foreign Bank and Vice President Rodolfo Lanus de la Serna of Argentina.

Argentine Treasury Secretary Juan Aleman, who also attended the opening ceremony, said the bank would serve as an instrument for closer commercial relations between Arab and Latin American nations.

Bank President Tammar said the bank's first priority will be financing operations which increase the productive capacity of the member countries.

UAE, India discuss oil links

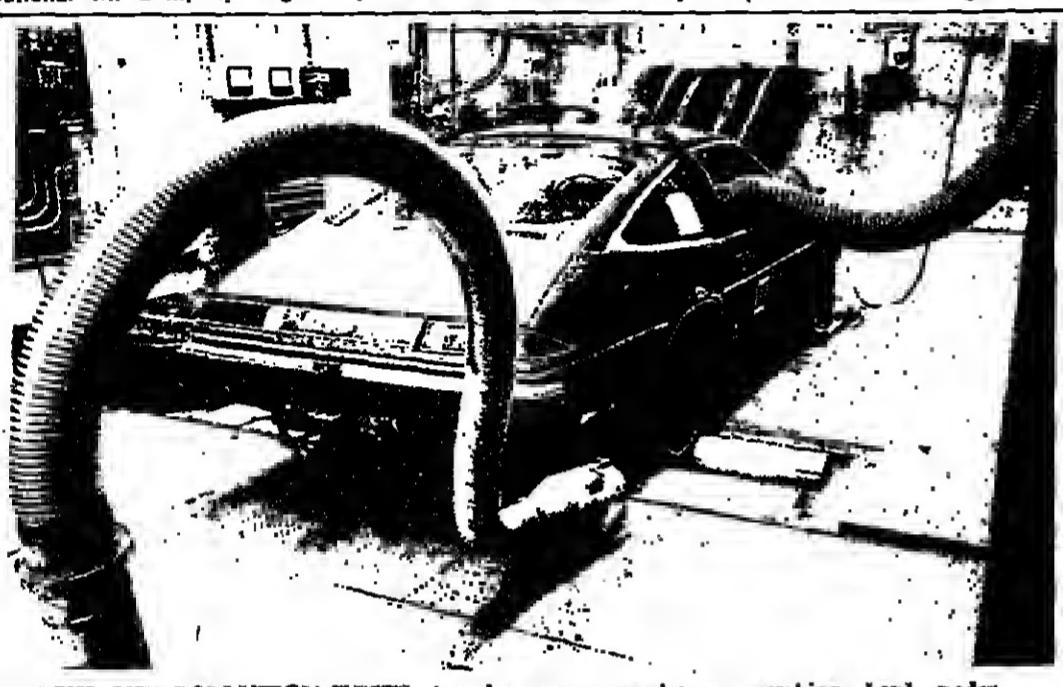
NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (R) — Sheikh Tahnoon Bin Muhammad al Nahyan, governor of the eastern province of the United Arab Emirates and chairman of the Abu Dhabi National Oil Company, began

a five-day visit to India Tuesday.

He is expected to hold talks with several Indian ministers and visit a government-owned petrochemical and refinery

plant in Baroda in western India during his stay in India.

The Sheikh is expected to discuss possibilities of joint collaboration with India for oil exploration and refining.



EXHAUST POLLUTION TESTS: American car companies are working hard under pressure to solve air pollution problems caused by poisonous exhaust fumes. The 1978 Buick Skylhawk's exhaust is here under test as the big flexible hose carries gases away for computer analysis. The hose placed in the car's front provides the driver with fresh air during the tests.



PORT MANAGEMENT Dammam Saudi Arabia

Daily Ships Working And Fresh Arrivals

CHANGES PAST 24 HRS. DATE: 1-11-78/3-10-78

TIME: 0700 HRS

Vessels Name of Working the Ship Agent Type of cargo Arrival Date

Berth No.

1 HALO	SAITE	UNIBER STEEL	2/10/1978
2 MARL	ALIREZA	GENERAL PLANT	30/9/1978
3 HELLENIC GRAVE	GULF	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
4 AL RAYAN	KANOO	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
5 WENNONA	SEA	GENERAL	1/10/1978
6 GREEN ISLAND	U.E.P.	GEN MAIZ	2/10/1978
7 SOUTH PACIFIC	U.E.P.	RICE	1/10/1978
8 IBN BAJAH	KANOO	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
9 MERZARIO GREGIA	AET	RO-RO CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
10 OIBAN	KANOO	GENERAL	2/10/1978
11 SEACOAT CAREER	SEA	GENERAL	30/9/1978
12 SCAN TRIO ARROW	KANOO	C. CEMENT	29/9/1978
13 ASIA ROSE IDB	ALIREZA	BULK CEMENT	9/10/1978
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
SC. Pier BARGE KALBA	KANOO	LOADING DREDGING MATERIAL	26/9/1978
Vessels Working at Anch			
MARIA NILAS	OKE	C. CEMENT	27/9/1978
NEW TIDE	SOLISLA	C. CEMENT	29/9/1978
ORIENTAL STAR	O.S.P.	C. CEMENT	30/9/1978
SEA TRADE			2/10/1978
Recent Arrivals:			
HALO	SAITE	TIMBER STEEL	2/10/1978
HELLENIC GRAVE	GULF	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
GREEN ISLAND	U.E.P.	GEN. MAIZ	2/10/1978
IBN BAJAH	KANOO	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
MERZARIO GREGIA	AET	RO-RO CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
OIBAN	KANOO	GENERAL	2/10/1978
SEA TRADE	U.E.P.	C. CEMENT	2/10/1978
AL RAYAN	KANOO	GEN CONTAINERS	2/10/1978
Vessels Expected Within 24 Hrs.			
IBN AL MOSTA	KANOO		
IBN RUSHD	KANOO		
NATHILDF	KANOO		
MAERSK	KANOO		
SCHIEF	KANOO		
SANTA ELENA	KANOO		
INGE BECH	KANOO		
VIVIEN	ALIREZA		
PITTSBURGH	REZAYAT		
ARAB AL RIYADH	SCSA		
TONNAGE DISCHARGED: 31,549			
WAITING TIME: NIL			
Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.			

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.35	3.34
Pound Sterling	6.65	6.63
Deutsche Mark (100)	172.00	174.00
Swiss F (100)	212.00	212.00
French F (100)	77.50	77.50
Italian Lira (1000)	4.10	4.10
Lebanese Lira (100)	113.25	113.25
Syrian Lira (100)	83.00	86.00
Egyptian Pound	4.70	4.78
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.30	12.30
Jordanian Dinar	11.20	11.18
Emirates Dirham (100)	86.75	86.75
Qatari Riyal (100)	86.75	86.75
Bahraini Dinar	8.67	8.67
Iraqi Dinar	10.50	—
Iranian Riyal (100)	47.00	47.25
Yemen Riyal (100)	74.00	74.50
South Yemen Dinar	77.50	83.50
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	42.00
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.00
Gold kg	23,800	—
10 Tolz bar	2,750	—
Silver kg bar	635	—

Supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah, Tel: 23815.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Municipality of Umluj	Securing of garbage bins model No. 1	xx	xx	Oct. 30
* Municipality of Al-Qorayat	Drilling of two wells	xx	Free	Nov. 24
* Directorate of Education, Hall	Supply of furniture and uniform for youth welfare center	1-98/99		Oct. 30
* Ministry of Defense and Aviation	Catering for personnel in Nejran	6	100	Oct. 21
* "	Catering for personnel in Riyadh	7	100	Oct. 31
* "	Supply of TV and radio sets	4	100	Oct. 11
* Municipality of Onaizah	Tearing of Helalah road and removing of rubble	1	50	Oct. 22
* Islamic University, Medina	Airconditioning of students' hostels	xx	150	Oct. 31



SAUDI PORTS AUTHORITY

VESSELS MOVEMENTS AT JEDDAH SEAPORT UPTO THE MORNING OF 3rd. OCTOBER 1978

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Arr. Date
1A	SEASPEED ARABIA	FAYEZ	RO-RO	3/10/1978
1	—	—	—	—
2	ROBERT TOOMBS	A.E.T.	GENERAL	3/10/1978
3	ZUMO MARU	ALIREZA	GENERAL	3/10/1978
4	GISMATALLAH	O.C.E.	DURRA/MELON SEED/ OIL CAKE	2

B.C.

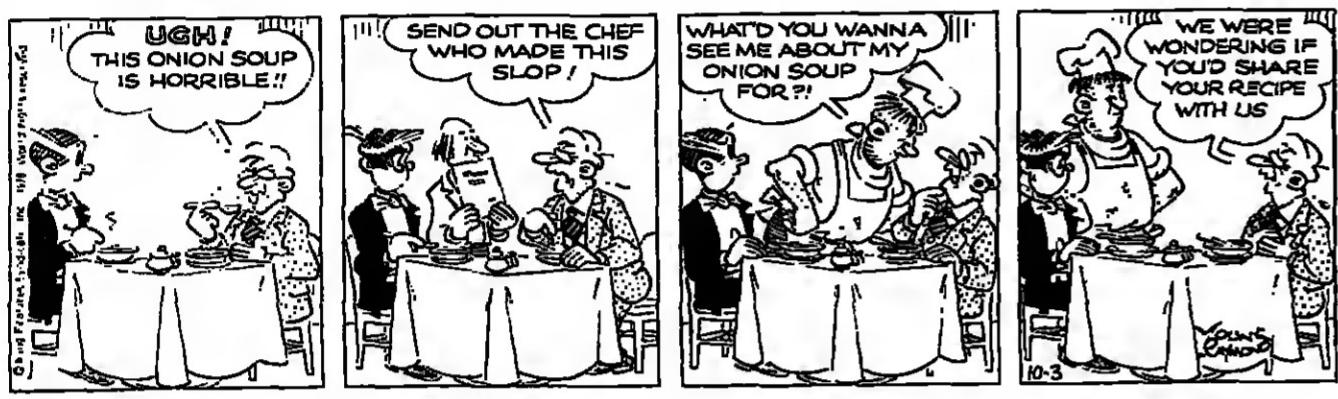
SMALL SOCIETY

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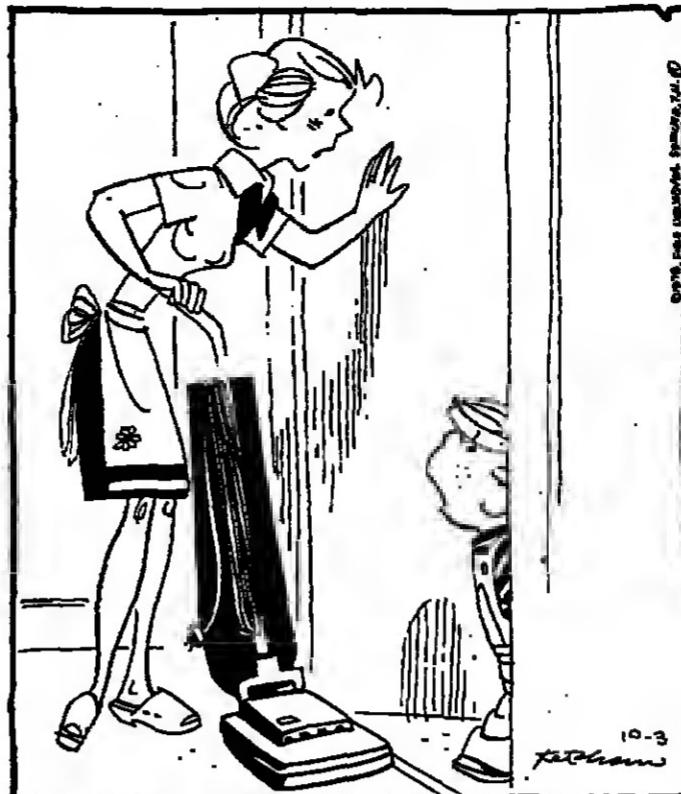
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



Dennis the Menace



"NOT NOW, MOM! MY BUG COLLECTSHUN IS TAKIN' ITS MORNING WALK."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

- 1 Cali-
fornia
- 5 Swindl-
er
- 10 River in
England
- 11 Listing
- 12 Martha -
- 14 Nebraska
- 15 Trifl-
- 16 Charit-
able; II.
- 17 Peas or
guinea
- 18 Battle cry
- 20 Belike
- 21 one's self
- 22 Communi-
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- 23 Earthy
- 25 Ballock
- 26 Maley
- 27 Germ
- 28 Kind of
meeting
- 29 Harbinger
- 30 Nigerian
- 31 tributary
- 32 Dilly
- 34 Quelling
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- 39 Trick
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Jed News

PASSPORT LOST
Bengal Passport No. B
174 issued at Jeddah on
18 to Mrs. Halima Khanon.
Md. Islam Meah has
lost. Finder please deliver
to Bangladesh Embassy —
ah.

PASSPORT LOST
Somali Passport No. 45566/3
issued at Mogadishu on 28-4-76
with work permit No. 40592 to
Mr. Abdul Wahab Sh. Ali
Boqore has been lost. Finder
please deliver it to Somali
Embassy — Jeddah.

FOR RENT
Fully Furnished Villas with central A.C. in a compound with pool, tennis court and gardens.
or information please Tel : 50881 Jeddah.

New in Jeddah
CHINA-ROSE RESTAURANT
BESIDE TYPICAL CHINESE DISHES
WE SERVE MANGORIAN BAR B.Q.:
1. LUNCH HOURS (1-3 P.M.)
2. DINNER HOURS (7-12 P.M.)
Macarona Road,
Tel: 57059-57054
Madina Road Prince Fahd Road
China-Rose Restaurant Macarona Road
Madina Road Palestine Road

CRANES FOR SALE



H Model T. 750
Capacity - 75 tons.
Total Length - 105 Feet. JIB - 45 feet.
Information Contact:
Kevin Collins or
Bill Mc Ginn. Tel: 59024
AC RYAN Crane Div.

WANTED

would like to have the following equipments and in good condition: 1) Rock crusher, 10 tons capacity 1 Unit; 2) Tyre mounted pay loader with backhoe and grader 2 Units; 3) Dumper (For pavement) 1.5 tons capacity 6 Units; 4) Asphalt paving equipment 1 Unit; 5) Truck mounted with hydraulic crane (Arm's length 40') 1 Unit; 6) Bus seating capacity 40/50 persons 3 Units; 7) Diesel generator power output 100 Kw. or local use 1 Unit; 8) Dump truck 5 tons capacity 1 Unit. If any of the above items is available please write to Mr. Albert K.Y. Chan, P.O. Box 1928 Dammam or Tel. 2900 No. 134.

MOLAYAN **SCS** Saudi Container Services CO.

HAS THE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE THAT
THE COMPANY MOVED TO A NEW LOCATION
IN AL OLYAN BUILDING ON THE MAIN ROAD
DAMMAM-AL KHOBAR. THE PRESENT TEL.
NUMBERS ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

TEL. NO. 43377 EXT. 222	General Manager
42940	260 Shipping Manager
45601	224 Secretary Department
47257	260 Project Manager
45884	262
48164	
48152	

TELEX 670045 VETCO SJ
P. O. BOX 356 ALKHOBAR

1 SUN-ROOF - come into use for:

Cars, sale-stands, restaurants, garden seats and so on • solid steel construction • easy and self erection • roof out of special fabric
• very stable, easy attachment at the soil • no foundation • easy to dismantle, transportable again to erect • with lightreflecting stripes
• to be delivered: one element or as many as you need, added to & one another

Sizes for one element:

length 5 m, width 3 m, height 2 m
total covered area 15 square meters

SAUDI AUTOMATION JEDDAH

P.O.Box: 3467 Tel: 52461 (Mr. Albert)

GAC-RYAN
CRANES & TRUCKS
FOR HIRE
ANYWHERE IN
SAUDI ARABIA
JEDDAH: 59024
AL-KHOBAR: 43702

JIMCO
CONCRETE
ASPHALT SAND
AGGREGATES-KERBS

The best quality at the best prices, and the most reliable service.

MEET OUR ENGINEERS
JEDDAH P.O.BOX:6153
TEL: 53544-50762

PASSPORT LOST
Pakistani Passport No. AD-848214 issued at Rawalpindi on 3-10-74 with Iqama No. 40290, of Mr. Mohammad Ilyas has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy — Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
Philippine Passport No. 548480 issued at Manila on Nov. 1977 to Mr. Zosimo C De Venecia Jr. has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Philippine Embassy — Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
Somali Passport No. 59325/3 issued at Mogadishu on 7-9-76 with Visa No. 9156 to Mr. S. Amin Musa Abdulla has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Somal Embassy — Jeddah. Finder shall be suitably rewarded.

PASSPORT LOST
Pakistani Passport No. AE-997715 issued at Karachi on 18-9-1976 to Mr. Mohammad Nasir Khan has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy — Jeddah.

GTE has construction equipment, parts and service in Saudi Arabia



Get our complete catalog now
We have inventories of construction equipment, systems and products. Plus spare parts. And a trained staff to service what we sell — at our own shop in Al Khobar or in the field.

We have managers and product support. Contractors Supply Corporation, a prime equipment distributor in the U.S.A.

Some of our many product lines in Saudi Arabia are:

E.S. JOHNSON Concrete Racks Plates	SUN Portable Light Plants
MORGEN Concrete Conveyors	KOENIG Compaction Equipment
IRONMASTER Re-Bar Beaters	WINCO Generators
STANCO Tire Mount Forces	KELLY KLOSURE Panel Baling System
VIREX Concrete Washers	WHITEHORN Concrete Pumps,
DRICAT Leaders	FIRENGE Finishing Machines
ULLI Hoppers	MULLER Concrete and Mortar Mixers

If you're building, or planning to build, in Saudi Arabia, we'll send you our complete catalog. Write us on your letterhead.

We are located on Abdul Aziz Boulevard, across from Maxim's Restaurant. Come in and see our equipment and products, and meet our experienced sales and service staff.

GTE
General Trading & Equipment Est.
Opposite Maxim's Restaurant
on Abdul Aziz Boulevard,
Al-Khobar
P.O. Box 194, Dhahran Airport
Phone: 46816, Telex: 67019 ASIACO SJ

**ABDULLAH ESTABLISHMENT
FOR TRADING & INDUSTRY**

agent for MESSINA LINE
M.V. notice to consignees

JOLLY MARRONE VOY: 242

The above vessel will arrive at
Jeddah Islamic port on
1-10-1978. 29-10-1398.

Consignees are kindly requested to timely arrange for the documents necessary for clearing and withdraw their delivery orders (against submission of original bill of loading or bank guarantee) upon vessel's arrival.

For more information,
please contact Jeddah. P.O.Box:5.
Tel: 24879-42553. Telex: 401504
Faisalia. Cable: Faisalia.



M.M. ALAY
BUILDING & DECORATION MATERIALS
GENERAL CONTRACTING

Civil engineering,
building
& industrial construction
Excellent record
as sub-contractors
to international firms.

Construction teams available in :

**RIYADH, JEDDAH
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PAGE 14

25 deaths so far

India menaced by cholera

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (R)—At least 25 people have died in a severe cholera outbreak in India's West Bengal state where devastating floods have claimed 300 lives, it was announced Tuesday night.

Medical teams in the 12 flood-ravaged districts reported a serious shortage of drugs and the state government frantically appealed to drug companies for donations.

The government sent anti-cholera vaccines, chlorine tablets, and bleaching powder to check the epidemic.

Atomic death-ray by '80s improbable, Pentagon says

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (R)—The U.S. Defense Department says it is improbable that a death-ray weapon based on atomic particle beams will be developed in the 1980s.

The Pentagon has been spending between \$10 and \$16 million a year on an exploratory program to identify the

scientific uncertainties of atomic beam technology more clearly.

"Unless something most unusual happens in the resolving of these uncertainties, such a weapon is not possible in the 1980s," a deputy undersecretary of defense said.

She was commenting on a report in the magazine "Aviation Week and Space Technology" that the Defense Department was launching a program to develop atomic beam weapons capable of destroying Soviet missiles by the mid-1980s.

Defense Secretary Harold Brown said last year after an "Aviation Week" story on the Soviet development of particle beam weapons that there was nothing to indicate that they were possible.

The difficulties in atomic beam research included the effect of the atmosphere in weakening the beam.

She said scientists would hold five meetings between now and December to discuss the exploratory program. This would help to decide the amount in the 1980 defense budget request sent to Congress to allow the program.

Brown said in a statement that President Carter had approved the extension of Haig's assignment as chief of the 300,000 American troops serving in Europe. The commander of the U.S. forces normally holds the NATO post as well.

Haig, 54, assumed the European posts in November, 1974 after serving as White House chief of staff under President Richard Nixon and briefly under President Gerald Ford.

From page one

Iraq's

Iraq, although more militant than Syria in its antagonism to Israel, did not join the steadfastness front mainly because of mutually deep-rooted suspicions between Baghdad and Damascus.

Iraq has maintained cordial relations with Egypt in spite of its strong denunciations of the Camp David accords.

Asked whether the projected summit was likely to dissuade Egypt from signing a peace treaty with Israel before the end of the year, a Gulf cabinet minister closely associated with plans to hold the summit said the main aim now was to bring all the Arabs together.

"This would be an achievement in itself and miracles have been worked out at previous Arab summits."

He also said that the Arabs have two more months to work for a solution which would allow Egypt to go ahead with its peace agreement with Israel, satisfy Jordan and Syria that their territories were likely to be returned to them and that the Palestinians would have a chance for real self-determination.

Meanwhile Syria, in the absence of President Assad, remained silent for the second consecutive day on the Iraqi offer to send Iraqi forces immediately to Syria to confront Israel.

Syrian officials declined to comment on the proposals. They merely confirmed that Assad, who is currently visiting East Germany, sent a message to President Bakr last Saturday.



Late News



BONN: West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt meets Sudanese Leader Jazir Numairi Tuesday in Bonn (see story page 10).

Off-course swimmer struggles doggedly on toward U.S. coast

MIAMI, Oct. 3 (Agencies)—Marathon swimmer Stella Taylor, 46, described as "terribly exhausted," struggled on at a slower pace Tuesday on her second attempt to swim from the Bahamas to Florida.

The water demolished the hut and washed away the woman and her baby. Next morning there was no sign of either the hut or the woman or the baby."

Conflagration rages at Colorado refinery

DENVER, Oct. 3 (R)—Two fiery explosions tore through an oil refinery in suburban Denver Tuesday, killing at least two people and injuring seven.

Officials said the fire in the refinery was raging out of control.

The first explosion ripped through the Continental Oil Co. refinery at 6:34 a.m. with a force felt 40 miles away.

A second blast about 7:25 a.m. threw flames 500 feet into the air. A police air survey showed that a huge section of the refinery complex was ablaze.

Two people were known dead and one was unaccounted for.

Bill Hutchins, manager of the Denver Grain Exchange, was in his car when the first explosion occurred.

"I could see big pieces of metal floating down from the center of the blast," he said.

RABAT, Oct. 3 (R)—Roving Ambassador Alfred Atherton conferred Tuesday with King Hassan and explained the U.S. position on Camp David.

Atherton, who left shortly afterwards for Washington, said he had a very useful exchange of views and that he stressed the importance of the U.S. attached to the accords.

He also met Premier Ahmad Osman and royal councillors at what was described as a working session also devoted to the agreements.

More than 45 hours after she set out from Orange Kay, an islet south of Bimini Island in the Bahamian chain, the British-born swimmer was within 20 miles of Key Biscayne and still swimming.

Barbara Miller of the Bahamas News Bureau spoke by radio telephone to her partner Tuesday morning and said opinions were divided on whether her condition would allow her to finish the grueling 100-mile crossing.

"Her lips are terribly swollen and her skin has peeled from them," Miller said.

If she is successful Miss Taylor will become the first person to swim across the Straits of Florida.

Earlier with Miss Taylor chopping through the Gulf Stream at a faster clip, William Kals of the Bahamas News Bureau relayed a more optimistic prospect.

Just before dawn Tuesday, Taylor was menaced by roving sharks, stroked doggedly off course.

"We'll go on an hour-to-hour basis," said navigator Doug O'Donnell. "I don't see how she can hold up."

The group of boats shepherding and watching the swimmer drifted northward—parallel to the coast—in the Gulf Stream; the glow of lights from the Miami area—an estimated 19 kilometers away to the West.

Monday night five sharks approached her and crew members drove them off. But when one shark persisted, darting toward Miss Taylor in darkness, she boarded a boat until it was driven off by shots from a "bang stick" explosive device.

Fighting

Pierre Gemayel, leader of the Phalangists, the biggest right-wing party.

Gemayel told reporters his party welcomed the decisions, and added, "If everyone pulls together now, I think we can save the country."

Syria, which provides the bulk of the 30,000-strong Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) locked in battle with the right-wing militias, issued a guarded response.

The government newspaper "Tishrin" said Sarkis had been frank in defining responsibility for the fighting, and accusing those who are in collusion against Lebanon's security and stability.

In New York Lebanon's ambassador to the United Nations Ghassan Tueni said in a television interview Tuesday that Syrian action in some parts of his country had become "repressive."

Interviewed on the CBS "morning news program," Tueni said: "Syria does have a genuine peacekeeping interest in certain parts of Lebanon."

Repeating remarks made by Sarkis, Monday, Tueni added: "Syrian action today in certain districts has become an action of repression, and repression is never conducive to peace."

"On the contrary, it is conducive to greater rebellion, greater drama and greater war."

The ambassador said that if the fighting continued, Lebanon is "one country that may very well physically disappear from the map," and warned against the possible destruction of a whole society and social fabric.

Asked if President Carter's proposal to call a conference on the Lebanese crisis could offer a possible solution, he said: "I think this is a possibility. I think I would even say that President Carter's idea is a necessity."

In Paris Lebanese leader Raymond Edele demanded Monday that U.N. peacekeeping forces replace the Syrian army in Lebanon.

Edele told reporters France should ask the U.N. Security Council to send forces to the war-torn country.

Meanwhile, a U.N. spokesman said his organization is considering evacuating the dependents of its staff members working in and around Beirut.

Later Tuesday French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing had a telephone conversation with Sarkis, sources said.

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Gold price thunders past moribund do

year amounted to and rising inflation there.

To New York, serve Board chair Miller Tuesday policies would cut one to two percent next year from the of seven to eight.

But it would seven years to get inflation rate down acceptable range.

Lawyers
5-year tei
Hearst ab

OAKLAND, Oct. 3 (AP)—Emily Harris went to prison Tuesday for napping of Pat, but their attorney they would be free years.

Alameda County attorney Lowell Jen sentence will be converted to meet of a new law. He years and eight prison.

Attorneys for said that with the good behavior an time served the He be released in 198

Before Tuesday pearance, court were released in Harris denied the paper heiress was ed, or brainwash group that abduct

It was the first had ever replied the version of M. captivity that she died while a def bank robbery trial.

They enter pleas Aug. 31 if bargain which they ensure their releas

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